

The Investor Education Centre is supported by the financial regulators 投資者教育中心為金融監管當局支持的機構









# About IEC 投資者教育中心簡介

Established in November 2012 and supported by the four financial regulators in Hong Kong, the Investor Education Centre is a dedicated organisation with the mission of improving financial literacy in Hong Kong. It aims to better equip the general public with skills and knowledge to make informed financial decisions and manage their money wisely through the provision of comprehensive, credible and impartial financial information, tools and education resources.

投資者教育中心於2012年11月成立,是以提升香港公眾的金融理財知識和能力為使命的專責機構,並獲香港四個金融監管機構支持。 投資者教育中心旨在透過提供全面、可靠及持平公正的金融理財資訊、工具和教育資源,讓公眾掌握金融理財所需的知識和技巧,從而作出有根據的財務決定,並能妥善管理自己的財富。

# The IEC at a Glance 活動概覽

# June 2013 六月

Set out 3-year strategy to improve financial literacy in Hong Kong.

制定三年策略發展 計劃,以改善香港市民 的金融理財知識。





Published Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study.

發表《香港金融理財知識與能力:投資者教育中心 基礎研究》報告。

# August 2013 八月



Kicked off the "Investment training with kung-fu master" campaign to enhance understanding of investing concepts and financial products. 推出「投資功夫」教育活動,加強市民對投資概念和金融產品的了解。

# September 2013 九月

Held Investor Education Seminar Series for the public's participation.

舉辦投資者教育講座系列讓公衆參與。



# January 2014 - 月



Launched enhanced website as a central place for comprehensive, credible and impartial financial information, tools and education resources.

網站換上新貌、增加內容 和提升功能,成為匯聚 全面、可靠及持平公正的 金融理財資訊、工具及 教育資源的綜合平台。

# February 2014 二月



Reached out to the public at the Education & Careers Expo.
在教育及職業博覽會上舉辦活動,
鼓勵市民大眾學習理財。

# July 2013 七月

Launched a campaign on investment-linked assurance scheme and its regulatory measures. 推出投資相連壽險計劃及其規管措施的教育活動。





Promoted responsible investing attitudes with "Know the risks, understand your responsibilities and think before you invest" video.

透過「認清風險•了解責任•謹慎投資」短片, 推廣負責任的投資態度。

# October 2013 +月

# EJULIA

#### **M®nev Management Start Young!**

Launched a holistic "Money Management Start Young!" education campaign for young people.

推出以年青人為對象的「年少財知」 全面個人理財教育活動。

# November 2013 +- Я



Celebrated our first anniversary. 投資者教育中心 慶祝成立 一周年。

# March 2014 三月

Introduced diverse and interactive education tools and resources for self-learning and actions. 推出多元化而具互動功能的學習工具及資源,



# April 2014 四月



Published holistic research on Hong Kong people's knowledge, attitudes and behaviour towards money and debt management.

就香港市民的金融理財及借貸知識、態度和行為, 發表全面的研究報告。

# Contents 目錄

The IEC at a Glance 活動概覽 **Message from Chairman** 2 主席的話 6 **Establishing the IEC** 成立投資者教育中心 **Setting Strategic Vision** 16 制定策略願景 **Mass Media and Communications** 20 大眾傳媒及傳訊 **Working in and with the Community** 32 走進社群 攜手推動 **Understanding Financial Knowledge** 42 了解金融理財知識 and Capability 與能力 **Working with and Engaging Stakeholders** 48 與持份者合作和聯繫 **Financial Statements** 58 財務報表

# Message from Chairman

主席的話

The past year has been both exciting and rewarding for the Investor Education Centre (IEC), during which it has grown from a concept into a fully fledged and well functioning organisation.

In just a year's time, I am proud to see that the IEC has laid a strong foundation to improve the financial literacy and capability of Hong Kong people with the launch of its three-year Strategic Plan (2013-2016) in June last year, about half year after its establishment.

# Road map for holistic financial education

Based on the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) Government's consultation, our research findings, feedback from stakeholders and international best practices, the Strategic Plan serves as a road map for fulfilling our mission to better equip the general public with skills and knowledge to make informed and sound financial decisions. It also provides a good framework to address Hong Kong's financial education needs through enhanced cross-sector collaboration. Guided by the Strategic Plan, we have adopted a multi-pronged approach to provide holistic financial education in Hong Kong.

#### Our achievements

Over the last 12 months, we have made a number of achievements. They included the following:

- built the organisation infrastructure and stakeholder relationships and networks to make sure that the IEC's education resources and programmes would address the needs of financial consumers and investors;
- published Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study, which measured financial literacy levels in Hong Kong and identified areas for the IEC to prioritise and focus on;
- enhanced financial education with themes ranging from financial planning, money management, investing concepts and financial products to consumer and investor rights and responsibilities;
- developed the IEC website as a central place for generic and holistic financial information, education resources and interactive tools, with rich contents and user-friendly design that the public would expect;

在過去一年,投資者教育中心由最初一個 概念,逐漸發展成為一個甚具規模和運作完善 的機構,令人感到鼓舞和欣慰。

投資者教育中心於去年六月(即創立後的半年) 推出2013-2016的三年策略發展計劃,為提升 香港市民的金融理財知識和能力奠定穩固 基礎。對於本中心成立短短一年已獲此成績, 我深感高興。

#### 制定全面金融理財教育 路線圖

該策略發展計劃是根據香港特別行政區(香港 特區) 政府的諮詢結果、本中心的研究發現、 持份者的意見及國際最佳實務而制定的,它將 成為本中心實踐使命的路線圖,以協助市民掌 握金融理財所需的技巧和知識,讓他們能根據 相關的資訊,作出明智的理財決定。此外, 該計劃亦提供一個良好的框架,加強跨界別 合作,以便配合香港市民對金融理財教育的 需要。我們會按著策略發展計劃的路線圖, 多管齊下為香港提供全面的金融理財教育。

#### 重要成果

在過去12個月,我們取得了多項成果,包括:

- 建立本中心的組織架構,並與持份者建立 良好的關係和人際網絡,確保投資者教育 中心的教育資源和活動可配合金融消費者和 投資者的需要;
- 發表《香港金融理財知識與能力:投資者 教育中心基礎研究》報告,當中評估香港 市民的金融理財知識的水平,並確定投資者 教育中心應優先處理重點工作的範疇;
- 加強專題的金融理財教育,包括財務策劃、 財富管理、投資概念、金融產品和消費者 及投資者的權利與責任等;
- 把投資者教育中心網站建設為一綜合平台, 提供基本和全面的金融理財資訊、教育資源 和互動工具,以豐富內容和簡便設計滿足 公眾所需;



#### Message from Chairman 主席的話

- expanded outreach activities that were tailored to specific groups within the community, namely students, youth, grassroots and the elderly;
- participated in activities organised by international organisations to review best practices to help refine our strategies and approaches on the design and delivery of financial education; and
- raised public awareness and understanding about the IEC as the focal point for financial education in Hong Kong.

#### Our future plan

Increased financial literacy is conducive to maintaining the overall development and stability of Hong Kong as an international financial centre. Looking ahead, we shall continue to use a research-based approach to identify Hong Kong people's financial education needs, and further enhance our financial education by expanding our outreach programmes, making the programmes' contents more interesting and engaging, and working with more stakeholders from local and abroad for knowledge and experience sharing.

I would like to take this opportunity to sincerely thank all our stakeholders, including members of our Executive Committee, the Advisory Committee, the Advisory Groups, the Government, the financial regulators, the financial services industry, consumer and investor representative groups, NGOs, the education sector and the media, for their valuable support and contribution in working towards our shared vision of enhancing financial literacy in Hong Kong. I would also like to thank the team at the IEC for their dedicated efforts and hard work; in particular to Mr Miles Larbey, the former General Manager who had brought to the IEC his overseas experience in financial education and laid a solid foundation for IEC's future development by helping to establish the IEC, formulating and implementing its strategies. I have no doubt that with our collaborative efforts and determination, we will scale new heights in financial education in the years to come.

#### **Professor Cheng Kwok Hon Leonard**

Chairman, Investor Education Centre

June 2014

- 擴展切合特定群體需要的外展活動,對象 包括學生、青少年、基層市民及長者;
- 參加由國際團體舉辦的活動,參閱最佳 實務,從而優化本中心的金融理財教育的 設計和推行;及
- 讓市民認識和了解投資者教育中心是匯聚 香港金融理財教育資源的機構。

#### 展望未來

提升市民的金融理財知識,有助維持香港作為 國際金融中心的整體發展和穩定性。展望未 來,我們將繼續以研究為基礎,掌握本港市民 對金融理財教育的需要,同時進一步擴大外展 計劃、使活動內容更具趣味和吸引力,並與 更多的本地及海外持份者分享金融理財知識和 經驗,以加強本中心的金融理財教育的發展。

投資者教育中心與社會各界以提升本港市民 的金融理財知識為共同願景,我衷心感謝所有 持份者在這方面的鼎力支持和寶貴貢獻,其中 包括管治委員會、諮詢委員會、諮詢小組、 政府、金融監管機構、金融服務業、消費者 和投資者代表小組、非政府機構、教育界及 傳媒。我還要感謝投資者教育中心團隊的不懈 努力和辛勤工作,特別是前總經理黎昊華先 生,感謝他協助成立投資者教育中心、制定並 推行本中心的策略發展計劃,並為投資者教育 中心帶來國際視野和經驗,為本中心奠定穩固 基礎以迎接未來的發展。只要大家同心同德、 鍥而不捨,我深信我們定能於未來歲月開創 金融理財教育的新高峰。

The IEC has laid a strong foundation to improve the financial literacy and capability of Hong Kong people with the launch of its three-year Strategic Plan (2013-2016).

投資者教育中心已推出 2013-2016的三年策略發展 計劃,為提升香港市民的 金融理財知識和能力奠定 穩固基礎。

投資者教育中心主席 鄭國漢教授

2014年6月

# Establishing the IEC 成立投資者教育中心

The IEC was established in November 2012 as a dedicated organisation to cater holistically for the financial education needs of Hong Kong people across the entire financial sector and improve their financial literacy and capability.

Its establishment followed the broad support for the HKSAR Government's consultation in February 2010 and the subsequent amendment of the Securities and Futures Ordinance in May 2012 to broaden the statutory mandate of the Securities and Futures Commission (SFC) to conduct investor education covering all kinds of financial products and services. The launch of the IEC signifies a cross-sector collaboration to raise financial literacy in Hong Kong in the long run.

Serving as the focal point for holistic financial education, the IEC aims to better equip the general public with skills and knowledge to make informed financial decisions that best suit their needs, and manage their money wisely. To achieve this mission, the IEC will seek to provide comprehensive, credible and impartial financial

投資者教育中心於2012年11月成立,是全面配合香港市民的金融理財教育需要的專責機構,其範圍涵蓋整個金融業,以提高市民的金融理財知識和能力為己任。

投資者教育中心成立前,香港特別行政區政府在廣泛支持下,於2010年2月完成關於《證券及期貨條例》的諮詢,其後於2012年5月修訂有關條例,將證券及期貨事務監察委員會(證監會)對投資者教育的法定職權擴展至包括所有金融服務及產品。投資者教育中心的創立,標誌著社會各界衷誠合作,務求長遠提升香港市民的金融理財知識。

作為匯聚全面金融理財教育的綜合平台,投資 者教育中心讓公眾更能掌握金融理財所需的 知識和技巧,以作出最切合本身需要及有根據 的理財決定,並能妥善管理自己的財富。為達



information, tools and education resources that Hong Kong people may apply and use to become knowledgeable and prudent consumers and investors.

Financial education also helps to improve the confidence of investors and consumers in their dealings with financial services providers and their understanding of the consumer and investor protection measures as well as their rights and responsibilities. It therefore complements financial services regulation, enforcement and dispute resolution. This is conducive to maintaining the overall stability and reputation of Hong Kong as an international financial centre.

In view of today's increasingly complex financial products and services which transcend the traditional boundaries of the banking, insurance and securities industries, the complementary role of financial education to the regulatory system is gaining importance in Hong Kong and globally.

成這個使命,投資者教育中心將致力為市民 大眾提供全面、可靠和持平公正的金融理財 資訊、工具及教育資源,讓香港市民能夠加以 運用,成為具備相關知識和審慎行事的消費者 和投資者。

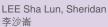
金融理財教育亦有助增強投資者和消費者與 金融服務供應商進行交易的信心,並加深 他們對有關保障措施以及權利與責任的了解。 因此,金融理財教育與金融服務監管、執法 和調解爭議起著相輔相成的作用,並對維持 香港作為國際金融中心的整體穩定性和聲譽至 關重要。

鑑於現今的金融產品和服務日趨複雜,而且 跨越銀行、保險及證券的傳統領域,金融理財 教育對規管制度所發揮的互補角色在香港和 全球各地日益重要。



# Establishing the IEC 成立投資者教育中心







CHAN Sun Hung 陳慎雄



CHENG Yan-Chee 鄭恩賜

#### **Executive Committee**

The IEC takes a holistic approach to financial education. It has a broad education mandate to include all kinds of financial products and services in Hong Kong, ranging from banking and insurance to investment, money management, financial planning as well as retirement planning.

Reflecting its cross-sectoral scope which covers the entire financial sector, the IEC is governed by an independent Executive Committee. The Executive Committee consists of a Chairman who is a Non-Executive Director of the SFC, representatives of the four financial regulators, namely the SFC, the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority and the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance, as well as a representative of the financial industry, the Education Bureau and the General Manager of the IEC.

After the initial establishment phase, the Committee meets once every three months to provide strategic oversight and advice to the IEC and approves its important policies and decisions.

Established as a subsidiary of the SFC, the IEC is fully funded by the SFC with no extra levies or charges for the industry or investors.

# 管治委員會

投資者教育中心採取全面的金融理財教育 方針,其教育職責涵蓋香港所有金融產品和 服務,包括銀行、保險、投資、財富管理、 財務策劃,以及退休計劃。

投資者教育中心由一個獨立的管治委員會負責管理,其跨界別職責範圍覆蓋整個金融業。 管治委員會包括一名主席(證監會非執行董事) 及四家金融監管機構(分別是證監會、香港 金融管理局、強制性公積金計劃管理局及保險 業監理處)的代表,還有金融業和教育局的 代表,以及投資者教育中心的總經理。

經過投資者教育中心的創始階段後,管治委員 會每隔三個月開會一次,為本中心提供策略性 的督導和意見,並審批其重要的政策和決定。

投資者教育中心乃證監會的附屬機構,其經費 全由證監會支付,無須向業界或投資者收取 額外徵費或費用。



# **Professor CHENG Kwok Hon, Leonard**

#### Chairman

From 19 October 2012 Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

Professor Cheng is Chairman of the Investor Education Centre, a Non-Executive Director of the Securities and Futures Commission, a member of the Competition Commission and Economic Development Commission of the HKSAR Government, and President of Lingnan University in Hong Kong.

Prior to joining Lingnan University, Professor Cheng was Dean of the School of Business and Management of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology from 2009 to 2013. He has published papers in many leading academic journals in economics, and served as an associate editor of the Journal of International Economics and Pacific Economic Review.

#### 鄭國漢教授

#### 主席

由2012年10月19日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

鄭教授為投資者教育中心主席、證券及期貨 事務監察委員會非執行董事,以及香港特別行 政區政府「競爭事務委員會」和「經濟發展 委員會」委員,並同時擔任香港嶺南大學校長。

在此之前,鄭教授於2009至2013年間為 香港科技大學工商管理學院院長。他曾於多 份著名的經濟學術期刊發表論文,並曾擔任 《國際經濟學報》(Journal of International Economics) 及《太平洋經濟評論》 (Pacific Economic Review) 副編輯。

#### **Establishing the IEC** 成立投資者教育中心

#### **CHAN Sun Hung**

Office of the Commissioner of Insurance

From 19 October 2012

Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

Mr Chan has joined the Office of the Commissioner of Insurance (OCI) for over 20 years and is now Acting Assistant Commissioner of Insurance of the Policy and Development Division. Mr Chan has been involved in the supervision of Hong Kong's insurance companies, both life and non-life, in different positions of OCI. The scope of his experience has spanned all aspects of insurance regulation, including prudential supervision of insurers, formulation and promulgation of regulatory policies on the insurance industry, as well as liaison with international and Mainland regulatory authorities.

#### CHAN Tze Ching, Ignatius

Industry representative

From 19 October 2012 Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

As a veteran banker, Mr Chan started his career with Citibank in Hong Kong in 1980. Before his retirement from Citibank in 2007, he had held various senior management positions in Asia Pacific, including Country Officer for Hong Kong, Country Officer for Taiwan and Head of Corporate and Investment Banking for Greater China.

Mr Chan currently is Senior Advisor to The Bank of East Asia Limited and CVC Capital Partners. He is also actively involved in community and public services, serving as member of the Hong Kong Tourism Board, the Standing Commission on Civil Service Salaries and Conditions of Service, Hong Kong Red Cross Council and Deputy Chairman of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr Chan also sits on the Boards of several public listed companies including the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited.

#### **CHENG Yan-Chee**

Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority

From 9 May 2013

Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

Mr Cheng joined the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority (MPFA) in April 2013 as Chief Corporate Affairs Officer and Executive Director. He oversees the corporate affairs and development functions of the MPFA, covering the work of the Corporate Services, Information Technology and External Affairs Divisions as well as the Liaison Unit.

Mr Cheng has rich experience in public administration. He was a member of the Administrative Service of the Hong Kong Government from 1986 to 2013, serving as Administrative Officer up to Deputy Secretary in various government bureaux and departments on different areas of work including financial services, education, information technology services and welfare.

#### 陳慎雄

保險業監理處

由2012年10月19日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

陳先生加入保險業監理處工作超過20年,現為 該處政策及發展部署理助理保險業監理專員。 陳先生曾在該處不同的崗位工作,一直負責 監督香港的保險公司,包括壽險及產險保險 公司。他的監管經驗涵蓋保險監管的各個 範圍,包括審慎監管保險公司、研究及制定 對保險業的規管政策、和聯繫國際及國內監管 機構。

#### 陳子政

#### 業界代表

由2012年10月19日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

陳先生為資深銀行家,於1980年加入花旗 銀行,曾於亞太區多個地區擔任要職,包括 香港區行長、台灣區總裁、大中華區營運總監 及企業及投資銀行業務總裁,於2007年退休。

陳先生現時為東亞銀行高級顧問及CVC Capital Partners 高級顧問,並積極參與 公職,現擔任香港旅遊發展局成員、公務員 薪俸及服務條件常務委員會成員(公務員薪 常會)、香港紅十字會董事會成員及香港理工 大學校董會副主席。陳先生亦為多間上市公司 董事包括香港交易及結算所有限公司。

#### 鄭恩賜

強制性公積金計劃管理局

由2013年5月9日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

鄭先生於2013年4月加入強制性公積金計劃管 理局(「積金局」),出任機構事務總監及執行 董事,負責掌管積金局的機構事務及發展 職能,所監督的部門包括行政部、資訊科技 部、對外事務部以及聯繫課。

鄭先生擁有豐富的公共行政經驗。他自1986 年加入香港政府政務職系,在多個政府決策局 及部門任職至2013年,出任政務主任至副 秘書長,負責處理不同範疇的事務,包括財經 事務、教育、資訊科技服務及社會福利。

#### LEE Sha Lun, Sheridan

#### **Education Bureau**

From 17 February 2014 Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

Mr Lee is Principal Education Officer (Curriculum Development) of the Education Bureau in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Mr Lee joined the government in 1984 as a school inspector. Over the years, he has been in leading positions covering English language education, curriculum development, educational television, quality assurance as well as the certification and professional development of teachers and principals. Mr Lee is currently the Chairman of the School Management Committee of three government schools. He is committed to bringing about the betterment of education in Hong Kong.

#### **LEE Wing Sing, Vincent**

#### Hong Kong Monetary Authority

From 19 October 2012 Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

Mr Lee is Director-General (Enforcement) of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (HKMA) and is responsible for enforcement, financial consumer education and complaint handling. Mr Lee joined the HKMA as Assistant Manager in 1994 after graduation from London School of Economics. He has worked in various divisions in the HKMA with responsibilities for banking development, policy and supervision, deposit protection, enforcement, and as Administrative Assistant to Chief Executive, HKMA and Chief Representative, New York and London Offices. Mr Lee was in charge of the supervision of large and complex banks and banking statistics before taking up his present position in January 2013.

#### WAN Chi Yiu, Andrew

#### Securities and Futures Commission

From 19 October 2012 Current appointment expires on 18 October 2015

As the Chief Financial Officer and Senior Director (Corporate Affairs) of Securities and Futures Commission, Mr Wan oversees the function of finance and administration, information technology, corporate planning, human resources and external relations; and is responsible for driving and executing corporate strategies of the Commission in improving its business capability and effectiveness.

Mr Wan possesses over 25 years of financial and business experience through working at leading professional firms and serving as chief financial officer of listed companies in Hong Kong and Canada. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree and a MBA. He is a member of Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants and a Certified Public Accountant (Practising) in Hong Kong.

#### 李沙崙

教育局

由2014年2月17日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

李先生為教育局首席教育主任,專責課程 發展。李先生於1984年加入政府,先後擔當 英語教育、課程發展、教育電視、質素保證及 教師與校長的認證和專業發展等工作。李先生 現為三所官立學校的管理委員會主席,積極 致力於優化香港教育。

#### 李永誠

#### 香港金融管理局

由2012年10月19日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

李先生為香港金融管理局(金管局)的執行 總監(法規),負責法規執行、金融服務消費者 教育及投訴處理。李先生畢業於倫敦經濟 學院,並於1994年加入金管局為助理經理。 李先生曾任職於金管局多個部門,負責銀行 業拓展、政策與監理、存款保障及法規執行 職務,並曾擔任金管局總裁助理及金管局 紐約及倫敦代表辦事處首席代表。李先生於 2013年1月出任現職,在此之前負責監理 大型及複雜銀行以及銀行業統計。

#### 温志遙

#### 證券及期貨事務監察委員會

由2012年10月19日起 目前任期至2015年10月18日屆滿

溫先生是證券及期貨事務監察委員會(證監會) 首席財務總監,兼機構事務部高級總監,負責 管理財務及行政、資訊科技、機構規劃、人力 資源及對外事務;並且處理及執行證監會的 機構策略事務,從而提升運作成效。

溫先生於金融及商界擁有超過25年的經驗, 曾於專業事務所任職,亦於香港及加拿大的 上市公司出任首席財務總監。他擁有商學士及 工商管理碩士學位,亦是加拿大特許會計師 公會會員及香港執業會計師。

#### **Establishing the IEC** 成立投資者教育中心

#### Dr CHAN Ka Ki, Catherine

#### **Education Bureau**

From 19 October 2012 to 25 November 2013

Dr Chan is Deputy Secretary (Curriculum and Quality Assurance) of the Education Bureau in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Dr Chan joined the government in 1998 as head of the Curriculum Development Institute and played a key role in leading the school curriculum reform, and in shaping the design and strategies for implementing the new senior secondary academic structure that started in 2009. She is committed to carrying through the reform measures, synergising the work of different organisations and communicating with different stakeholders to ensure that the implementation of the new academic structure could achieve the learning aims for students, as well as to open up multiple pathways for them to pursue further studies and be better prepared for work.

#### **LARBEY Miles Howard**

#### Former General Manager

From 19 October 2012 to 22 November 2013

Mr Larbey has extensive experience in developing and managing financial education programmes gained from working as a senior executive at the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC), which is well regarded internationally as a leader in the field. In particular, he developed ASIC's financial literacy strategy, its dedicated financial education website and a range of education resources for investors. Mr Larbey has also held senior management positions at ASIC in consumer protection, banking and insurance supervision and worked in Intermediaries Supervision at the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong.

#### 陳嘉琪博士

#### 教育局

由2012年10月19日至2013年11月25日

陳博士為教育局副秘書長,負責課程及質素 保證科;1998年加入政府,擔任教育局首席 助理秘書長領導課程發展處。陳博士在領導 香港課程改革,尤其在設計和推行2009年 新高中學制方面,扮演主要角色。在副秘書長 崗位上,陳博士承擔着不同機構工作與改革 措施的協調,與不同持份者的溝通,務使新 學制的實施能達成課程宗旨,促進學生學習的 改革。

#### 黎昊華

#### 前總經理

由2012年10月19日至2013年11月22日

黎先生在發展及推行金融理財教育方面擁有 豐富經驗,曾於澳洲證券及投資事務監察委員 會出任高級行政人員,該委員會的金融理財教 育備受國際認許,在行內具領導地位。黎先生 主要參與制定該委員會的金融理財能力策略、 投資者教育網站以及一系列為投資者而設的 教育資源。他亦曾於該委員會的消費者保障、 銀行及保險監察科出任高級管理人員,及於 香港證券及期貨事務監察委員會的中介團體 監察科工作。

#### Support from financial regulators

To convey the broad scope of the IEC's financial education work and that the IEC is supported by Hong Kong's financial regulators as a comprehensive, credible and impartial source of financial information and education, the logos of the four regulators are positioned alongside the logo of the IEC as well as the statement "The Investor Education Centre is supported by the financial regulators" in all IEC's public communications materials, where practicable.

#### 金融監管機構的支持

為反映投資者教育中心從事廣泛的金融理財 教育工作,並在本港金融監管機構支持下提供 全面、可靠和持平公正的金融資訊和教育、 投資者教育中心在所有公共傳訊材料中,在可 行的情況下,均擺放四個監管機構的標誌及 展示「投資者教育中心為金融監管當局支持的 機構 | 的聲明。



The Investor Education Centre is supported by the financial regulators 投資者教育中心為金融監管當局支持的機構









# **Key developments**

As a new organisation, the IEC has grown from a concept into a fully fledged and well functioning entity. Since its establishment and in the past 12 months of transition and development, the work of the IEC included setting up the organisation structure, recruiting employees, building stakeholder relationships, developing education plans and contents, conducting research studies, while raising the profile and awareness of the IEC through various financial education programmes and initiatives.

Led by the General Manager, the IEC carries out the education work primarily through mass media campaigns, outreach programmes and the IEC website in close collaboration with key stakeholders as well as the broader community to develop the IEC as the focal point for holistic financial education in Hong Kong.

We strive to provide a supportive and caring work environment for our employees. During the year, we encouraged staff learning and development through a series of customised workshops, training courses and seminars.

The IEC also encouraged employees to participate in a suite of corporate social responsibility activities organised by the SFC. These included Community Chest Green Day and Community Chest Dress Special Day, geo-trip, Blood Donation Day, World Cancer Research Fund Fruity Friday, etc.

# 重點工作

作為一間新機構,投資者教育中心已由一個 概念發展成為一個甚具規模和和運作完善的 機構。自成立以來及在過去12個月的過渡和 發展階段中,投資者教育中心的工作包括建立 本中心的組織架構、招聘員工、與持份者建立 關係、制定教育計劃和內容、進行調查研究, 同時透過各種金融理財教育計劃及活動,提升 本中心的形象和知名度。

在總經理的帶領下,投資者教育中心主要透過 大眾傳媒、外展活動及本中心網站來進行教育 工作,與主要持份者及廣大社群緊密協作, 務求發展投資者教育中心為匯聚本港金融理財 教育資源的機構。

我們致力為員工提供一個關懷互助的工作 環境。年內,我們透過一系列度身訂制的工作 坊、培訓課程及研討會,鼓勵員工積極投入 學習和發展活動。

投資者教育中心還鼓勵員工參加由證監會 舉辦的一系列企業社會責任活動,包括 「公益綠識日」和「公益服飾日」、地質公園 之旅、捐血日、世界癌症研究基金會星期五 「果」一日活動等。

# Anniversary highlights 周年誌慶紀要

On 20 November 2013, the IEC opened the market trading session at the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited to mark the first year anniversary of its establishment.

2013年11月20日,投資者教育中心 在香港交易及結算所有限公司主持 開市敲纙儀式,標誌本中心成立 一周年。



Senior management team officiated at the Market Open Ceremony. 高層管理人員主持開市儀式。

66 I truly believe that the IEC would have an important role to play in the development of a healthy market with responsible product manufacturers, sellers and buyers... I look forward to your continued support for the Centre as the prime driver in investor education. This is crucial in strengthening Hong Kong as an international financial centre and regional investment hub.



我深信投資者教育中心在發展具備負責任生產商 和買賣雙方的穩健市場方面,角色舉足輕重 ...... 我期待大家繼續支持中心為全面推動投資者教育 的主要機構,這對鞏固香港作為國際金融中心和 區內投資樞紐的地位非常關鍵。

Miss Au King-chi, Permanent Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury (Financial Services) at the evening reception of the first anniversary celebration of the Investor Education Centre. 財經事務及庫務局常任秘書長(財經事務)區璟智女士於 投資者教育中心一周年慶祝活動。

On this special occasion, the IEC organised a celebration event to express appreciation and gratitude to its stakeholders for their contributions and continuous support to help the IEC achieve its mission of improving the financial literacy and capability of Hong Kong people.

在這個特別日子,投資者教育中心舉行慶祝活動,感謝持份者作出貢獻和 不懈支持,以助本中心實踐提高香港市民金融理財知識和能力的使命。



IEC Executive Committee Members pictured with Miss Au King-chi (centre), Permanent Secretary for Financial Services and the Treasury (Financial Services). From left Mr Tony Chan, Acting Assistant Commissioner of Insurance; Mr Cheng Yan-Chee, Chief Corporate Affairs Officer and Executive Director of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority; Mr Miles Larbey, former General Manager of the IEC;  $Professor\ Leonard\ Cheng,\ Chairman\ of\ the\ IEC;\ Mr\ Chan\ Tze\ Ching,\ Senior\ Advisor\ of\ The\ Bank\ of\ East$ Asia; and Mr Andrew Wan, Chief Financial Officer and Senior Director (Corporate Affairs), Securities and Futures Commission.

投資者教育中心管治委員會成員與財經事務及庫務局常任秘書長(財經事務)區璟智女士(中)合照。 左起:署理助理保險業監理專員陳慎雄先生、強制性公積金計劃管理局機構事務總監及執行董事鄭恩賜先生、 投資者教育中心前總經理黎昊華先生、投資者教育中心主席鄭國漢教授、東亞銀行高級顧問陳子政先生、 證券及期貨事務監察委員會首席財務總監及機構事務部高級總監溫志遙先生。

# **Setting Strategic Vision** 制定策略願景

As a new organisation, the IEC's strategic plan will be rolled out in phases to allow for the gradual development and effective delivery of financial education initiatives.

投資者教育中心仍在創立之初, 今後將分階段推行策略發展計劃, 以逐步發展和有效推行各項 金融理財教育計劃。

Many jurisdictions around the world have enhanced their financial education efforts over recent years. Their common theme has been the development of a coherent strategy and/or a focal point for financial education to assist financial consumers and investors in making their decisions. The establishment of the IEC in Hong Kong is an example of these developments.

In June 2013, the IEC released its Overview and Strategic Plan (2013-2016) setting out a 3-year road map for the IEC to raise financial knowledge and capability of Hong Kong people. The key components of the IEC's strategy include:

- · Reaching out to the general public with financial education messages through mass media campaigns;
- · Building sustainable and tailored outreach programmes for different groups within the community;
- Offering a dedicated self-service website which provides comprehensive, credible and impartial financial information, tools and education resources;
- Research and evaluation;
- Collaboration with stakeholders;
- Engaging with international counterparts and networks to share best practices.

The IEC developed its Strategic Plan building on the results of the HKSAR Government's public consultation about the establishment of the IEC, research findings, stakeholder feedback, international best practice as well as support from Hong Kong's financial regulators and the Education Bureau.

# Phase 1 階段

# 2012-2014

# **Transition and Develop** 過渡與開發

近年,世界各地均加強金融理財教育。一個 共同的主題,就是訂立金融理財教育的統一 策略及/或綜合平台,以協助消費者和投資者 作出理財決定。香港設立投資者教育中心, 便是這個發展趨勢的一個例子。

2013年6月,投資者教育中心發表《概覽及 策略(2013-2016)》,制定投資者教育中心的 三年路線圖,藉以提高香港市民的金融理財知 識及能力。投資者教育中心的策略包括下列關 鍵元素:

- 透過大眾傳媒推行教育活動,向廣大市民 傳達金融理財教育的信息;
- 因應不同社群的需要,推行可持續發展及 度身訂造的外展計劃;
- 設立專門網站,讓公眾按自己需要,隨時 查閱和使用全面、可靠及持平公正的金融 理財資訊、各項互動功能和教育資源;
- 持續進行研究與評估;
- 與各持份者合作;
- 積極與國際相關機構和網絡保持連繫, 以分享最佳實務。

投資者教育中心以政府建議成立本中心的 公眾諮詢結果為基礎,並考慮了研究結果、 持份者的意見、國際最佳實務,以及在香港 金融監管機構和教育局的支持下,制定此策略 發展計劃。

Phase 2 階段

Phase 3 階段

2014-2016

**Expand** 擴展

2016 onwards以後

**Review and Sustain** 檢討和持續

Serving as the focal point for holistic financial education, the IEC aims to better equip the general public with skills and knowledge to make informed financial decisions that best suit their needs, and manage their money wisely.

作為匯聚全面金融理財教育的 綜合平台,投資者教育中心讓 公眾更能掌握金融理財所需的 知識和技巧,以作出最切合本 身需要及有根據的理財決定, 並能妥善管理自己的財富。

#### **Setting Strategic Vision** 制定策略願景

#### We educate

Based on the findings of the research Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study published in June 2013, as well as consultation with key stakeholders, the IEC has identified the following overarching themes for our education work from 2013 to 2016 to meet the community's diverse financial education needs:

#### 教育為重

根據《香港金融理財知識與能力:投資者教育 中心基礎研究》於2013年6月發表的研究結果 及經諮詢主要持份者後,投資者教育中心為 2013至2016年的金融理財教育工作定出下列 主題,以配合社區對金融理財教育的不同需要:

# We Educate









# We Serve







#### We serve

The IEC aims to raise and improve financial literacy for all segments of the population and therefore has multiple target audiences ranging from the general public to specific groups within the community who may require more targeted financial education support or resources.

Our foundation research has helped us identify possible target groups for our community outreach efforts. Such groups include students, young adults, women, mature age consumers and investors, as well as those with lower levels of formal education or income. We will also take into account the education needs of investors and consumers new to Hong Kong, notably those from mainland China as interaction and levels of investor activity between Hong Kong and mainland China develop and expand.

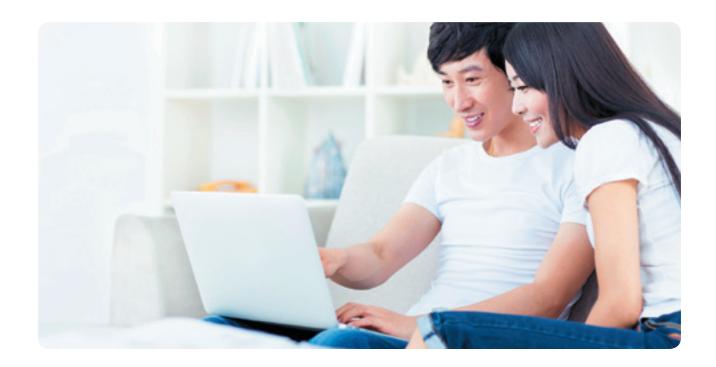
# 服務為本

投資者教育中心旨在提升社會各階層人士的 金融理財知識,因此有不同的目標受眾,包括 一般市民,以至個別的社會群組,他們或需要 較具針對性的金融理財教育支援或資源。

本中心的基礎研究有助我們確定社區外展計劃 的準目標群組。這些群組包括學生、年青人、 女性、年長消費者及投資者,以及正規教育或 收入水平較低的人士。隨著香港與中國內地間 的經濟互動更加密切,投資活動不斷擴展, 我們亦須顧及新來港投資者和消費者對金融 理財教育的需要。

Mass Media and Communications 大眾傳媒及傳訊





At IEC, we are committed to providing ongoing access to comprehensive, credible and impartial financial information, tools and education resources about all aspects of personal finance.

During 2013-2014, the IEC made use of mass media and other communications channels to educate the public on four key themes, namely financial planning; money management; investing concepts and financial products; as well as consumer and investor rights and responsibilities; and to promote topical messages to financial consumers and investors.

The IEC used mass media campaigns to disseminate headline messages to a broad audience, advising the things members of the public should know or be aware of to safeguard their financial interests. A diverse range of communication channels and tools were also used to enhance the appeal of messages to cater for different information preferences and needs of the public.

Our education work was informed by a variety of inputs including research findings, intelligence or feedback received from financial regulators and stakeholders such as industry bodies, as well as issues featured in the media that suggested areas where members of the public showed lack of understanding or had education needs. 投資者教育中心致力不斷提供全面、可靠及 持平公正的個人理財資訊、工具和教育資源。

在2013至2014年間,投資者教育中心透過 大眾傳媒及其他傳訊渠道,向市民灌輸四個 主題的知識,包括財務策劃、財富管理、 投資概念和金融產品,以及消費者及投資者 的權利與責任,並向金融消費者與投資者 傳達最新信息。

投資者教育中心舉辦大眾媒體活動向廣大市民 傳達重要信息,讓公衆了解保障個人財務權益 所應知道或留意的事情。本中心採用各種通訊 渠道及工具,以提升信息的吸引力,迎合公眾 對資訊的不同喜好和需要。

我們參考研究結果、市場資訊及各金融監管 機構和持份者(如業界組織)的意見來推行 教育工作,及根據傳媒報道的事宜,就公眾 缺乏理解或需要教育的地方對症下藥。

#### Mass Media and Communications 大眾傳媒及傳訊

#### Financial planning

Financial planning, as a key aspect of financial literacy, was an area where Hong Kong people demonstrated the lowest levels of understanding and ability according to our foundation research study Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong.

To help educate the public of the importance of holistic financial planning and money management, in collaboration with TVB and RTHK, we produced a TV drama series entitled "Wisdom of Financial Planning" from September to October 2013 and a radio drama series "Learn Financial Planning and Investing" from December 2013 to March 2014 respectively.

The TV drama series used everyday scenarios in a family setting to address various financial needs and goals at different life stages to explain various financial planning and money management concepts, ranging from budgeting to investing. Certain episodes were specifically tailored for particular target groups, such as young adults, pre-retirees and the elderly.

The series covered topics such as the importance of financial planning; how to develop a holistic financial plan and build an investment portfolio; responsible borrowing as part of a financial plan; role of insurance to protect one's assets, as well as seeking professional advice. The radio drama series reiterated these financial planning messages using scenarios in a setting of a workplace.



A booklet was also published to provide a quick guide for the public to understand the concepts of and key steps in developing a basic financial plan.

投資者教育中心亦出版 《財務策劃》小冊子,提供簡明 指南,讓市民掌握財務策劃的 概念和制定基本財務計劃的 重要步驟。



Promoted holistic financial planning through entertaining drama series "Wisdom of Financial Planning" jointly produced with TVB. 投資者教育中心與 無線電視共同製作 《理財有策》電視劇集, 以趣味性的手法推廣 全面的財務策劃。



#### 財務策劃

根據投資者教育中心的《香港金融理財知識與 能力》基礎研究結果,雖然財務策劃是金融 理財知識的重要一環,但香港市民對這方面的 認識和能力均最低。

為提高公眾對全面財務策劃及財富管理的認識 和了解,投資者教育中心於2013年9月至10月 與無線電視合作製作名為《理財有策》的電視 劇集,並於2013年12月至2014年3月與香港 電台合作製作名為「投資理財冇搞錯 | 的 廣播劇。

該電視短劇系列透過劇中家庭成員在日常生活 中所面對的情境,及不同人生階段的各種財務 需要及目標,闡釋不同的財務策劃及財富管理 概念,包括制定預算和投資等;其中數集的 內容更是專為青年人、即將退休人士、長者等 個別群組度身設計。

該電視劇集的主題圍繞財務策劃的重要性、 如何訂立全面的財務計劃及投資組合、負責任 借貸在財務策劃中的角色、保險對保障個人 資產的作用,以及徵詢專業意見等。廣播劇則 以工作間的情境,重申這些財務策劃信息。

#### Money management

The ability to make ends meet and manage day-to-day finances is key to sound financial planning. Such skills allow consumers to stay on top of their financial situation, keep track of spending and achieve their financial goals more effectively.

In October 2013, the IEC launched a holistic multimedia money management education campaign "Money Management Start Young!" which encouraged young adults to plan their finances from young age and promoted responsible attitudes and habits.

Co-organised with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority, and supported by the Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong, the Hong Kong Association of Banks, the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, the School of Professional and Continuing Education of the University of Hong Kong, and the Vocational Training Council, the campaign comprised a creative multi-media competition and a series of interactive workshops held at tertiary education institutions and youth centres from October 2013 to May 2014.

With the support of the Ambassador of the campaign, popular singer Ella Koon, the campaign covered topics such as how to develop a budget, track spending and manage debt effectively; responsible borrowing including the use of credit cards, education grants and loans; understanding the importance of maintaining a good credit record; the benefits of starting saving and financial planning from an early age; and rights and responsibilities relating to all aspects of personal finance including prudent investment.

#### 財富管理

有效的財務策劃,有賴達致收支平衡和管理 日常財政的能力。消費者如能掌握這些技巧, 有助駕馭自己的財政狀況、監察自己的支出和 更有效地達致財務目標。

2013年10月,投資者教育中心推出了全面的 多媒體個人理財教育活動「年少財知」,鼓勵 年青人及早進行財務策劃,並推廣負責任的 理財態度及習慣。

「年少財知 | 由投資者教育中心主辦,香港金融 管理局協辦,並獲得香港財務策劃師學會、 香港銀行公會、香港理工大學、香港大學專業 進修學院及職業訓練局的全力支持。除了個人 理財多媒體創作比賽外,其他活動包括於 2013年10月至2014年5月在各大專院校及 青年中心舉辦的一連串互動工作坊。

這項教育活動得到擔任活動大使的流行歌手 官恩娜全力支持,其涵蓋的課題包括如何制定 預算、有效查察開支和管理債務;負責任的 借貸,包括使用信用卡、助學金及學生貸款; 了解維持良好信貸記錄的重要性;從小養成 儲蓄習慣和進行財務策劃的好處;以及審慎 投資等與個人理財有關的權利及責任。





Singer Ms Ella Koon was appointed the Ambassador of the "Money Management Start Young!" education campaign. (圖左)歌手官恩娜 獲委任為「年少財知」 活動大使。



Ella Koon (centre), Ambassador of the "Money Management Start Young!" education campaign pictured with representatives from the IEC, co-organiser and supporting organisations.

「年少財知」活動大使官恩娜(圖中)與投資者教育中心、協辦機構及支持機構的 代表合照。

#### Mass Media and Communications 大眾傳媒及傳訊



The IEC promoted the benefits of starting money management at an early age in the exhibition through interactive learning. 投資者教育中心在展覽中以互學互動的形式, 宣揚及早開始理財計劃的好處。

The "Money Management Start Young!" multi-media competition invited young adults to share their money management experience in the form of short video and graphic presentation. A total of 10 winners were awarded in the competition and a prize presentation ceremony-cum-exhibition in a shopping mall was held in May 2014.

Apart from the education campaign, we developed a booklet titled Managing your Money, Credit and Debt to provide practical resources and guidance to the general public on how they can better manage their finance holistically.

# Investing concepts and financial products

As an international financial centre, Hong Kong has a multitude of institutions and markets which provide a wide range of financial products and services to local and international consumers and investors.

Our research report Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study found that while the overall financial knowledge and capability in Hong Kong was reasonably good, certain investment and financial concepts were not very well understood by some Hong Kong people.

To promote understanding of financial products and investment fundamentals, the IEC developed an education campaign entitled "Investment training with kung-fu master." The campaign used the concept of learning "kung-fu" as an analogy for acquiring and mastering investment knowledge.

「年少財知 | 多媒體創作比賽邀請年青人以短片 及平面設計形式分享他們的財富管理經驗。 比賽選出了10名得獎者,並於2014年5月在 一個商場內舉行頒獎典禮暨展覽活動。

除了舉辦教育活動外,本中心亦出版《管理財 富、信貸及債務》小冊子,就如何更全面地妥 善管理個人財務,為廣大市民提供實用資訊及 指引。



The Managing your Money, Credit and Debt booklet consists of checklist, tips and case studies tailored to life stages and events for the general public to review, compare and act on to be money smart and tackle their debts, if any, more effectively.

《管理財富、信貸及債務》小冊子針對人生不同 階段和事件提供應注意事項的檢查清單、貼士及 個案研究,讓市民參詳比較及實行,以達致精明 理財和更有效地處理債務。

# 投資概念及金融產品

作為一個國際金融中心,香港擁有多個機構和 市場為本地和國際的消費者和投資者提供種類 繁多的金融產品和服務。

《香港金融理財知識與能力:投資者教育中心 基礎研究》報告顯示,儘管香港市民普遍具有 良好的整體金融理財知識和能力,但有些市民 對個別的投資及財務概念理解不足。

為促進市民對金融產品及投資基本知識的了 解,投資者教育中心舉辦名為「投資功夫」的 教育活動,以練武比喻學習和掌握投資知識。

The campaign covered a range of issues relating to investing and financial products. These included the nature and risks of warrants, high yield bond funds, renminbi products as well as the things to note about opening a discretionary account and how to choose and evaluate if a fund is suitable. It aimed to remind investors to be aware of macroeconomic risks and promoted a responsible investing attitude, for example by exercising discipline when trading derivative products and not following the herd when investing in a stock and IPO. The video series was broadcast on TV as well as public transport networks and promoted via online and mobile platforms.

教育活動涵蓋與投資及金融產品相關的事宜, 包括認股證、高息債券基金及人民幣產品的 性質和風險、開立全權委託戶口的注意事項, 以及怎樣選擇及評估基金是否合適。活動的 目的是提醒投資者留意宏觀經濟風險及推廣 負責任的投資態度,例如買賣衍生產品時知所 節制,及切忌跟風投資股票及新股。該短片系 列於電視及公共交通網絡中播放,並透過 網上及流動平台進行推廣。





"Investment training with kung-fu master" consisted of videos featuring John Chiang, a TV and movie celebrity, acting as the kung-fu master and everyday investors such as young adults, housewives, retirees, blue collar and professional workers, who strive to learn and master investing skills and knowledge.

「投資功夫」的短片由影視藝人姜大衛扮演功夫師傅, 而年輕人、家庭主婦、退休人士、藍領、專業人士 等一般投資者則努力學習和掌握投資技巧和知識。

From time to time, the IEC seeks to promote understanding of the various features and risks associated with different financial products through user-friendly publications, the internet, as well as TV and radio programmes, for example the interview series "Talking investment risks" running on now Business News Channel, the one-minute radio segments and interview programme "Hot topics of finance and investing" on RTHK. These programmes covered a wide spectrum of financial products and services including derivative products, funds, high-yield bond funds, renminbi products, discretionary accounts, insurance products, responsible investment attitudes as well as macroeconomic risks. These education messages were also promoted in the print media through advertorials and article contribution to newspapers such as Headline Daily and Hong Kong Economic Journal.

投資者教育中心不時透過淺白易讀的刊物、 互聯網、電視及電台節目,協助市民了解不同 金融產品的相關特點和風險,例如now財經台 「談投資·論風險」的訪問系列,以及香港電台 「金融熱話」的一分鐘節錄及訪問節目。這些 節目涵蓋種類廣泛的金融產品及服務,包括衍 生產品、基金、高息債券基金、人民幣產品、 全權委託戶口、保險產品、負責任的投資態 度,以及宏觀經濟風險。上述教育信息亦透過 印刷媒體,如《頭條日報》及《信報》的報道式 廣告及投稿進行推廣。

強化投連壽險產品披露及保障



The above images are provided by now TV, Headline Daily and Hong Kong Economic Journal. 以上圖片由 now TV、頭條目報及信報提供。

Promoted understanding of financial products and services through various

市民對各類金融產品及服務的了解。



#### Mass Media and Communications 大眾傳媒及傳訊

With the introduction of the new regulatory measures relating to the disclosure and sale of investment-linked assurance schemes (ILAS) in mid-2013, the IEC, in close collaboration with the financial regulators, launched a holistic education campaign to promote public awareness of the new measures and assist consumers to understand the features and risks of ILAS products. Key education resources included a booklet Understand Investmentlinked Assurance Schemes and the New Regulatory Measures distributed to the public via intermediaries including insurance agents, insurance brokers and banks, as well as a series of 30-second videos broadcast on TV, online portals and along the transport networks.

有關披露和銷售投資相連壽險計劃(投連壽險) 產品的新規管措施於2013年中推行後,投資 者教育中心與金融監管機構緊密合作,推出 全面的教育活動,讓公眾加深認識新的規管措 施,並協助消費者了解投連壽險產品的特點和 風險。主要的教育資源包括透過保險代理、 保險經紀及銀行等中介人派發的《了解投資 相連壽險計劃及新規管措施》小冊子,以及 在電視、網上平台及交通網絡中播放一系列 30秒短片。





In collaboration with the financial regulators, the IEC promoted understanding about the features and risks of ILAS such as fees and charges, the new regulatory measures, the role of ILAS in an overall financial plan and how to make the best use of product disclosure. 投資者教育中心與金融監管機構合作,講解投連壽險的特點和風險, 例如收費及費用、新規管措施、投連壽險在整體理財計劃中發揮的作用, 以及如何善用產品披露資料。



Since the IEC's establishment. we distributed 31,504 leaflets and booklets to enhance public's understanding on financial products, services and topical issues.

自成立以來,投資者教育中心派發了31.504份單張及 小冊子,以加強市民對金融產品、服務及熱門課題 的認識。



# Consumer and investor rights and responsibilities

In view of the active participation of many Hong Kong people in the financial markets as well as increasing complexity and innovation of financial products, it is crucial for the public to adopt responsible attitudes towards investing.

The IEC took up on the recommendation contained in the Report of the Legislative Council Subcommittee to Study Issues Arising from Lehman Brothers-related Minibonds and Structured Financial Products published in June 2012, and developed a multimedia education campaign "Know the risks, Understand your responsibilities and Think before you invest".

The concept of this education campaign was based on the ancient heroic characters from Romance of the Three Kingdoms with the intellectual chancellor Zhuge Liang promoting the importance of exercising vigilance when making financial decisions. The campaign included a new short video which was broadcast and promoted via a range of channels such as TV, radio, websites, print, mobile phones as well as public transport networks from July 2013.

# 消費者及投資者的權利 與責任

鑑於很多香港市民積極參與金融市場活動, 加上金融產品日趨複雜且日新月異,因此市民 應以負責任的態度進行投資。

立法會小組委員會研究雷曼兄弟相關迷你債券 及結構性金融產品所引起的事宜,並於2012年 6月發表報告。投資者教育中心採納當中的 建議,推行《認清風險•了解責任•謹慎投資》 的多媒體教育活動。

是項教育活動以中國名著《三國演義》的經典 人物,包括諸葛亮作為創作藍本,以提醒公眾 在作出任何財務決定前,務須作出審慎考慮。 活動包括推出一輯全新廣告短片,由2013年 7月起在電視台、電台、網站、印刷媒體、 手機程式與公共交通網絡等渠道播放及推廣。



Promoted awareness of consumer rights and responsibilities using a short video, publication and channels such as public transport networks. 推出短片、製作小冊子及 利用公共交通網絡等渠道, 提高市民對消費者權利與 責任的認識。

#### Mass Media and Communications 大眾傳媒及傳訊

The IEC also seeks to contribute articles to various media and channels including those published by community and consumer organisations to help communicate our financial education messages on diverse topics of interests to the public.

投資者教育中心同時向各媒體及渠道投稿 (包括由社區及消費者組織刊發的文章或 平台),就公眾關注的各種課題傳達金融理財 教育信息。





Launched mass media education campaigns on key themes since the IEC's establishment covering

4,126 times broadcast on TV

2,475 times broadcast on radio

15,602 times broadcast in outdoor media along transport networks

153 articles in print media

自成立以來,投資者教育中心就重要主題推出的大眾傳媒教育活動 包括電視廣播4.126次,電台廣播2.475次,在交通網絡上的 戶外媒體廣播15,602次,153篇在印刷媒體上的文章

#### Website

The internet is an increasingly popular source of financial information for consumers and investors. In common with financial education programmes around the world, the IEC seeks to develop and promote the IEC website as a central place for comprehensive, credible and impartial information about all aspects of personal finance.

In the past year, we enhanced the website (www.hkiec.hk) with a new look and enriched contents providing Hong Kong people with a focal point for holistic financial education to strengthen their financial knowledge and skills.

#### Full spectrum of financial information

The enhanced website covers information and education resources for all financial products and services which range from banking and insurance, to investment, money management as well as retirement and financial planning.

The newly developed "Life Events & You" section also provides the general public with information and tips about how to manage their finances to meet their personal needs at different life stages or events, such as getting married, buying and setting up a home and suffering from an illness. Students, fresh graduates just entering the work place and retirees can access a full suite of comprehensive, credible and impartial information about all aspects of financial management in this new section on the IEC website.

In addition, the enhanced IEC website offers multimedia contents, cases, newsletters and glossary as well as a brand new IEC YouTube channel, a sharing function via the Facebook and "my favourite page" function to help enrich users' experience.

#### 網站

互聯網已成為日益受消費者和投資者歡迎的 金融資訊來源。如世界各地的金融理財教育 計劃,投資者教育中心致力發展及推廣網站為 一綜合平台,提供全面、可靠及持平公正的 個人理財資訊。

去年,投資者教育中心網站(www.hkiec.hk) 換上新貌並豐富其內容,讓香港市民可透過這 個匯聚全面金融理財教育的綜合平台,增強理 財知識及技巧。

#### 全面金融理財資訊

革新後的網站,涵蓋所有金融產品及服務的 資訊和教育資源,包括銀行及保險、投資、 財富管理、退休及財務策劃等。

此外,新增的「生活事件與你」為公眾提供 理財資訊及心得,以滿足和協助他們在人生不 同階段或重大事件時的需要,例如結婚、置業 安居及罹患疾病等。無論是學生、剛剛投身 社會的應屆畢業生,以至退休人士,均能在 本中心的全新網站獲取全面、可靠及持平公正 的金融理財資訊。

此外,全新網站提供多媒體內容、投資理財 個案、通訊、金融理財常用詞彙等,以至全新 的IEC YouTube 頻道、Facebook 分享功能、 網站最愛清單選項等,為公眾提供更豐富的 瀏覽體驗。





#### Mass Media and Communications 大眾傳媒及傳訊

#### Interactive tools

To enable the general public to better plan and manage their finances, a set of interactive tools were developed to support their learning and actions. The IEC will seek to promote its usage in our education programmes and outreach activities; as well as by financial intermediaries, education and community organisations.

#### 互動工具

為協助市民更好地規劃和管理個人財務,投資 者教育中心制定了一套互動工具,供市民學習 和實踐理財之道。投資者教育中心將透過教育 計劃、外展活動,以至金融中介人、教育及 社區機構,推廣互動工具的使用。



The IEC Budget Planner enables people to record their income and expenses, and gives a breakdown of their spending across a broad range of categories, such as household, transport, food and drinks, health and beauty, education, taxation, financial commitments, etc. It also helps people to work out if they are living within their means, and identify any opportunities to cut back expenditure to pay off debts guicker or to boost their savings.

個人收支計算機方便市民記錄所有收支。計算 機亦詳細劃分在不同方面的開支,包括家居、 交通、餐飲、健康美容、教育、税項、財務承 擔等,從而幫助市民衡量是否達致量入為出, 並找出可節省開支的地方,以更快清還債務 或增加儲蓄。



The IEC Cut-back Calculator helps the public prioritise their "needs" and "wants" and look for any non-essential expenses they can cut to save money. It shows the total amount that can be saved per year if cut back as well as the percentage to users' annual income to facilitate their review and decisions. It also supplements the Budget Planner by encouraging the public to conduct a full review of all their expenses for better money management.

**削減開支計算機**可協助市民按輕重緩急衡量 自己的「需要」及「想要」的消費項目,找出可 以削減的不必要開銷,從而節省支出。計算機 可顯示削減開支後每年可節省的總金額,以及 該金額佔每年收入的百分比,以進行檢視和作 出決定。如果公眾同時使用「削減開支計算機」 和「個人收支計算機」,就可全面檢視日常 開支,更妥善地理財。



The IEC Debt Calculator is designed to give an overview of all personal debts including credit cards and personal loans and to provide users with tips and options to help them manage their debts effectively. It shows repayment scenarios with different repayment amounts, repayment periods and annualised percentage rates to facilitate review and comparison; and works out the debt to income ratio to measure the burden of debt over the borrower's income.

債務計算機全面反映包括信用卡及私人貸款在 內的個人債務概況, 並提供貼士和方案以便妥 善管理債務。計算機亦顯示在不同的還款額、 還款期和年利率下的不同還款情況,方便進行 檢視和比較,並可計算債務佔收入的比例, 讓借貸人了解自己的債務負擔。



The Savings Goal Calculator shows users the effect of compounding on their savings, and helps people to work out how to achieve their financial goals. It lets users work out: how much they will need to save regularly to reach their goal in time; how much they will have if they put aside a fixed amount of money regularly; and how long it will take to reach their savings goal.

儲蓄目標計算機可讓市民明白複利效應對儲蓄 增值發揮的作用,並可協助制定實現財務目標 的計劃。市民透過計算機可以計算需要定期 儲蓄多少才能按計劃實現財務目標、若定期 儲蓄一筆固定款項所能累積的財富,以及他們 需要多少時間才能達致儲蓄目標。



Since going live on 20 November 2012, the IEC website has enhanced its contents, usability and functions bringing

1,139,692 page views, 147 audio clips and videos, and 221 articles

自2012年11月20日推出以來,投資者教育中心網站已增強其內容、可用性和功能, 並錄得1.139.692網頁瀏覽次數,上載147段錄音片段及短片和221篇文章

An education campaign in digital, social and mobile media was launched from February to March 2014 to help raise public awareness of the IEC's enhanced website and its various education contents, interactive tools and resources, Near 3,700 people participated in a quiz on financial knowledge and the winners were awarded with prizes.





# Raising corporate profile

We also seek to promote our mission and corporate strategies to raise public awareness and knowledge of the IEC in the community through other communications initiatives such as media interviews. article contribution, press conferences and press releases.

The IEC Chairman Professor Leonard Cheng received an interview about the IEC and its foundation research study on financial knowledge and capability in Hong Kong in July 2013 for a financial programme "Crosstrade" by Commercial Radio Hong Kong. 2013年7月,投資者教育中心主席鄭國漢教授接受商業 電台財經節目「人生交叉盤」的訪問,暢談投資者教育中心 及其有關香港金融理財知識與能力的基礎研究。



Asia Television Hong Kong featured the establishment of the IEC, its three-year strategy to help improve financial literacy in Hong Kong as well as the outreach activity at the Education & Careers Expo 2014.

香港亞洲電視報道投資者教育中心的成立、其提高 香港市民金融理財知識的三年策略發展計劃,以及 在教育及職業博覽2014上的外展活動。

由2014年2月至3月,投資者教育中心透過 電子、社交及流動媒體推出全新教育活動, 讓公眾認識換上新貌的投資者教育中心網站, 及其各種教育內容、互動工具及資源。 約3,700名市民參加了理財知識問題比賽, 優勝者可獲獎品獎賞。

#### 提升機構認知

我們亦透過其他傳訊活動,如傳媒訪問、 投稿、記者會和新聞稿等,推廣投資者教育 中心的使命及機構策略,以加強市民對投資者 教育中心的關注和認識。



A dedicated article on the IEC's corporate mission and strategy was published in the Hong Kong Echo in January 2014 by the French Chamber of Commerce.

一篇有關投資者教育中心企業 使命和策略的專題文章於2014年 1月登載於法國總商會刊物 《Hong Kong Echo》。





In addition to using mass media campaigns and diverse communications channels to disseminate our education messages, we have developed tailored outreach programmes and activities to cater for the particular needs and financial literacy levels of different groups in the community. These include community events, talks, seminars, workshops as well as train-the-trainer modules.

Aside from financial consumers and investors in general, our community outreach efforts focus on students, youth, grassroots and the elderly who may require more targeted financial education support or resources.

To maximise the reach of our financial education initiatives to these target groups, we also collaborate with community partners and work with key stakeholders and experts in the relevant fields to help improve financial literacy and capability in Hong Kong.

除了利用大眾傳媒和不同的傳訊渠道來推廣 教育信息外,我們亦制定度身設計的外展計劃 及活動,以配合不同社群的獨特需要和金融理 財知識水平。這些計劃和活動包括社區活動、 講座、研討會、工作坊、導師培訓課程等。

除了一般的金融消費者和投資者外,我們的 社區外展工作亦以學生、青少年、基層和長者 為對象,他們可能需要更具針對性的金融理 財教育支援或資源。

為使我們的金融理財教育活動能接觸到更多的 目標受衆,我們亦與社區夥伴以至主要持份者 和相關領域的專家合作,以助提升香港市民 的金融理財知識和能力。



Held 74 outreach activities reaching out to 10,208 people since the IEC was established.

自成立以來,投資者教育中心舉辦74項外展活動, 共10,208名市民參與。

# Working in and with the Community 走進社群 攜手推動



# Financial consumers and investors

As financial products and services are becoming increasingly complex, there is an essential need to reach out to educate consumers and investors on the new developments in the financial markets.

We organised two public seminars in collaboration with the Open University of Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Society of Financial Analysts in April and September 2013 respectively. In these seminars, we shared with the general public updates on today's global economy, features and risks of various investment products, consumer and investor rights and responsibilities; as well as market professionals' insights on investment strategy and risk management.

In the year ahead, we plan to organise more public seminars with a diverse range of topics to cater for the public's investment needs and life stages.

# 金融消費者和投資者

隨著金融產品和服務日趨複雜,我們有需要 接觸消費者和投資者,就金融市場的最新發展 提供有關資訊。

我們於2013年4月和9月分別與香港公開大學 和香港財經分析師學會合辦了共兩場公眾研討 會。在這些研討會上,我們與市民大眾分享了 全球經濟的最新發展、各類投資產品的特點 和風險、消費者及投資者的權利與責任, 以及市場專業人士對投資策略和風險管理 的見解。

未來一年,我們計劃舉辦更多公眾研討會, 探討廣泛的課題,以配合市民的投資需要和 人生的不同階段。

The IEC's annual investor education events were well attended by over 1,100 participants. 投資者教育中心一年一度的投資者教育活動吸引逾1,100名人士參加,反應熱烈。





# **Students**

Financial literacy is a core life skill for participating in modern society. As the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) recommended that financial education should start as early as possible and be provided in schools, we seek to develop education programmes about personal finance at schools, organise talks and workshops, and provide teaching aids to teachers to facilitate their teaching of finance-related subjects. This would allow young people to become familiar with fundamental financial knowledge at an early stage.

# **Understanding financial literacy in schools**

To promote and support the learning and teaching of financial literacy in schools, we work with the Education Bureau and other relevant stakeholders. In July 2013, we initiated a territory-wide research study to help us understand how we can better support financial education in schools by gathering views from students, teachers, parents, principals, education practitioners, financial institutions and community organisations. The research findings will enable us to better understand the learning elements and coverage of financial literacy in the existing curriculum offered in primary and secondary schools; as well as the needs for new learning and teaching resources.

# Supporting teachers

In order to support financial literacy teaching in schools, it is important to enrich teachers' financial knowledge. Accordingly, we seek to support the teachers' professional development. During the year, in collaboration with the Education Bureau, we delivered seminars, entitled "Learning and Teaching Strategies for Business, Accounting and Financial Studies (BAFS) Curriculum Series" and "Enriching Knowledge for the Business, Accounting and Financial Studies Curriculum Studies" to about 150 teachers of the BAFS subject. The seminars covered various aspects of personal financial planning, operation of the Hong Kong's stock market and an introduction to common investment products.

# 學生

金融理財知識是現代社會的重要生活技能。 經濟合作與發展組織 (經合組織) 建議金融 理財教育應儘早開始,並由學校提供,因此 我們著眼制定學校的個人理財教育計劃、舉辦 講座和工作坊,並提供工具方便教師教授 金融相關科目,讓青少年及早掌握基本的金融 理財知識。

## 了解金融理財教學

我們與教育局和其他相關持份者合作,推廣 及支援學校的金融理財教學。2013年7月, 我們開展一項全港性的研究計劃,收集學生、 教師、家長、校長、教育工作者、金融機構和 社區組織的意見,以了解如何加強支援學校的 金融理財教學。研究結果有助本中心更全面 了解中小學校現行金融理財課程的學習元素和 範圍,以及對新的學習和教學資源的需要。

# 支援教師

為支援學校的金融理財課程,我們必須增進教 師的金融理財知識。因此,我們致力支援教師 的專業發展,年內與教育局合作,為約150名 教授企業、會計與財務概論科的老師舉辦名為 「企業、會計與財務概論」學與教策略系列及 「企業、會計與財務概論」知識增益系列的研討 會。研討會上介紹有關個人財務策劃各方面的 知識、香港股市的運作、常見的投資產品等。

# Working in and with the Community 走進社群 攜手推動



In March 2014, we completed the development of the first set of game-based teaching resources entitled "Stock Trading Guru" for the BAFS teachers to help equip students with basic investment knowledge relating to stock trading. This board game education tool is set for pilot launch in the 2014/15 academic year. Other teaching resources which are under development include lesson plans and presentations.

Taking a holistic approach, we seek to provide other learning experiences for students during and after the school day to inculcate them with money management and financial planning knowledge and good habits for their whole person development. Parents play a vital role in children's learning of personal finance. In the coming year, we will develop programmes that take financial literacy learning from school to home.

2014年3月,我們為企業、會計與財務概論科 的教師制定首套教材「股壇達人」,以遊戲 方式協助學生認識與股票交易有關的基本投資 知識。這個棋盤遊戲將於2014/15學年推出 試行。其他正在開發的教學資源包括教案和 簡報。

我們旨在於課堂內外全面地為學生提供其他 學習體驗,幫助他們掌握有關理財和財務策劃 的知識和培養良好的理財習慣,達致全人 發展。鑑於父母在子女學習個人理財方面的 關鍵角色,我們將於未來一年制定計劃, 把金融理財教育從學校擴展至家庭。

## Youth

Money management is an important life skill for everyone. For young people, the benefits of developing good money management and financial planning skills from an early age can be enormous in the long term. However, according to our foundation research study, young people have demonstrated relatively lower levels of concern about their financial position and engagement with financial planning.

# Interactive workshops on holistic money management

To promote responsible attitudes and habits towards money management amongst young people, we have launched a holistic "Money Management Start Young!" education campaign with a series of interactive workshops to develop their financial skills, knowledge and confidence as well as to assist them in achieving their financial goals effectively. From October 2013 to February 2014, over 400 young people attended our workshops held at tertiary education institutions, youth and community centres. In these workshops, the Ambassador of the campaign Ms Ella Koon, celebrities, artists and finance professionals shared with participants key money management and financial planning concepts and tips which included responsible borrowing and smart use of credit cards, education grants and loans; setting financial goals and budget planning; and prudent investing.



Participated by celebrities, artists, finance professionals and academia, a series of six interactive workshops were conducted as part of the IEC's holistic money management education campaign.

為配合全面的理財教育活動,投資者教育中心舉辦一系列六場的 互動工作坊,有名人、藝術工作者、金融專才和學術界人士參與。



# 青少年

理財是每一個人的重要生活技能。對青少年 來說,從小培養良好的理財和財務策劃技巧, 將可終生受用。然而,根據我們的基礎研究 结果,青少年較少關心本身的財政狀況, 而財務策劃的參與程度亦較低。

## 全面理財互動工作坊

為了向青少年推廣負責任的理財態度及習慣, 我們推出了全面的理財教育活動「年少財知」 及舉辦一連串互動工作坊,以加強他們的理財 技巧、知識和信心,並協助他們實現財務 目標。2013年10月至2014年2月期間,超過 400名青少年參加了我們在大專院校、青年及 社區中心舉辦的工作坊。在工作坊上,活動 大使官恩娜、名人、藝術工作者和金融專才與 參加者分享重要的理財及財務策劃概念和貼 士,包括負責任的借貸和精明使用信用卡、 助學金及學生貸款、訂立財務目標及制定 預算,以及審慎投資。

# Working in and with the Community 走進社群 攜手推動

## From tertiary institutions to the community

Whether it is for students to cope with rising education costs, or those who have just started working to manage many important financial decisions for the first time, developing good money management skills and getting started with long-term financial planning are keys to ensuring future financial well-being.

During the year, we cooperated with different tertiary institutions to hold 27 talks promoting responsible attitudes and habits towards money management to nearly 1,200 students. In February 2014, we also participated in the Education & Careers Expo and organised an exhibition booth educating young people on how to manage money wisely through display panels, quiz games and interactive tools. The event attracted over 3,000 visitors to have fun learning on finance. During the event, we also conducted a talk entitled "Working holiday - Get Set, Go!" to enhance its appeal of our education messages.

Going forward, we shall further extend these talks and seminars to cover a wider spectrum of tertiary education institutions such as community colleges, vocational institutions and continuing education colleges. We also plan for talks or other outreach activities through a network of non-government organisations, youth centres and youth employment and training organisations.

# 從大專到社區

無論是面對教育開支不斷上升的學生,還是剛 投身社會需要首次作出許多重要財務決定的人 士,建立良好的理財技巧和開始制定長遠的財 務計劃,都是確保日後財政狀況穩健的關鍵。

本年度,我們與各大專院校合辦27場講座, 向接近1.200名學生推廣負責任的理財態度和 習慣。2014年2月,投資者教育中心亦參加了 教育及職業博覽會,並設置展覽攤位,透過展 板、問答遊戲和互動工具教導青少年如何明 智理財。活動吸引超過3,000名訪客,透過有 趣方式學習理財。活動期間,我們亦舉辦名為 「工作假期 Get set, Go!」的講座,以傳達更具 吸引力的教育信息。

展望未來,我們將進一步擴展這些講座和研討 會,涵蓋社區學院、職業學院和持續教育學院 等專上教育機構。我們亦計劃透過非政府機 構、青年中心、青年就業及培訓機構的網絡, 舉辦講座或其他外展活動。

Over 3,000 visitors attended the IEC's education booth at the Education & Careers Expo 2014 organised by Hong Kong Trade Development Council to learn more about personal finance.

投資者教育中心在2014年香港貿易發展局舉辦的教育及職業博覽會上設置教育攤位, 有3,000多名訪客參觀,希望學習個人理財知識。





# Grassroots\*

Promoting financial knowledge and literacy to people with lower levels of formal education and income are essential as they are more vulnerable to financial risks and have bigger challenge to make ends meet.

# **Promoting financial literacy**

To disseminate financial knowledge and provide effective education support, we work with various public and community organisations in the form of giving seminars directly to them and indirectly through the "train-the-trainer" programme. For example, in December 2013, we conducted a talk to over 100 people on retirement planning in a seminar organised by the Caritas Family Crisis Line & Education Centre – The Everbright Project for working families. We also introduced basic finance and investment concepts and shared experiences on how to be a safe and smart investor to about 140 members of the public in the investor education seminars and activities organised by Financial Dispute Resolution Centre in March 2014.

## **Building capacity**

The IEC also seeks opportunities to deliver financial education through the "train-the-trainer" programme. We provide education resources and training to frontline professionals, for example social workers, case managers and counsellors who then better equip the general public with financial skills and knowledge through their social service programmes. In December 2013, we conducted three workshops on budgeting, credit and loan services, financial products and investment market to some 30 social workers.

We are developing education toolkits as well as work- and district-based networks which we plan to organise more talks and workshops to provide comprehensive financial education support.





# 基層\*

向正規教育水平較低及入息較少的人士推廣 金融理財知識極為重要,因為他們對金融風險 的承受能力較低,並較難達致收支平衡。

## 推廣金融理財知識

為傳播金融理財知識和提供有效的教育支援, 投資者教育中心直接為各公共和社區機構舉辦 研討會,或透過「導師培訓」課程,間接為其 舉辦有關活動。例如於2013年12月我們在 明愛向晴軒再晴計劃為在職家庭舉辦的研討會 上,就退休計劃向百多名市民發表演講。我們 亦在金融糾紛調解中心於2014年3月舉辦的 投資者教育研討會及活動中,向約140名市民 講解基本的金融和投資概念,以及就培養 審慎、明智的投資態度分享經險。

#### 建立能力

投資者教育中心亦把握機會,透過「導師培訓」 課程提供金融理財教育。我們為前線專業人 員,如社工、個案經理和顧問提供教育資源和 培訓,然後透過他們的社會服務計劃提升 公眾的金融理財知識。2013年12月,我們為 約30名社工舉行了三場工作坊,內容有關 制定預算、信貸及貸款服務、金融產品及 投資市場。

我們正在編製教育工具,以及建立按工作和地 區劃分的網絡,透過舉辦更多講座及工作坊, 提供全面的金融教育支援。

舉辦退休計劃講座。

The IEC conducted a talk on retirement planning for working families. 投資者教育中心為在職家庭

<sup>\*</sup> Grassroots refer to people with lower levels of formal education and income.

<sup>\*</sup>基層是指正規教育及收入水平較低的人士。

# Working in and with the Community 走進社群 攜手推動

# **Elderly**

The increasingly ageing population not only warrants retirement protection, housing needs and an age-friendly environment, but also financial planning knowledge and capability.

The matured, whether they have already retired from the workforce or are approaching retirement, consistently demonstrate a lower understanding of financial matters, especially on investment risks and financial planning based on our research studies. They also have a greater misunderstanding on potential risks involved in more advanced or sophisticated investment decisions.

## **Engaging elderly with financial planning concepts**

To address specific needs of the elderly, the IEC has cooperated with different community organisations to offer tailored talks for the "silver learners". These talks aimed at offering a holistic view of financial planning to assist the seniors in evaluating their financial position, managing their cash flow during retirement, prudent investing for wealth protection as well as working with financial intermediaries. It covered the basic features and risks of financial products, investor rights and responsibilities as well as tips of avoiding scams.



# 長者

隨着人口日益老化,社會上衍生退休保障、住 屋需求以及長者友善生活環境的需要,同時亦 帶動提升他們財務策劃知識及能力的新需求。

根據投資者教育中心的研究顯示,無論是已經 或快將退休,年長一輩的財務知識均較為貧 乏,特別在投資風險和財務策劃方面,而且他 們對於較複雜的投資決定所涉及的潛在風險亦 存在較大的誤解。

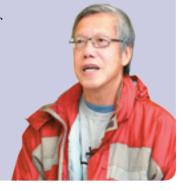
# 教育長者財務策劃概念

為配合長者的特定需要,投資者教育中心與不 同的社區組織合作,為「銀髮一族」提供度身 設計的講座。這些講座全面介紹財務策劃, 協助長者評估個人財政狀況、管理退休期間的 現金流、為保障財富審慎投資,並善用中介人 的服務。有關的論題包括金融產品的基本特點 及風險、投資者的權利與責任,以及如何防止 受騙的貼士。

I enjoyed and learned a lot from the workshop... Longer life expectancy and higher inflation rate have alerted me if my present plan for retirement could sustain. There are pressing needs for retirees like me to have such financial information for better planning.

工作坊很有趣,並令我獲益良多……隨著預期壽命漸長、 **通脹升溫**,我警覺到我現在的退休計劃是否可以長久維 持。像我這類退休人士,有迫切需要獲得金融資訊 來改善財務規劃。

Workshop participant Mr Lee Kwok Tim 財務策劃工作坊參加者 李國添先生



During the year, through working with the Civil Service Bureau and the Hong Kong Police Force, we conducted talks on the basics of financial planning and investment to about 5,000 civil servants who are approaching retirement.

We also work with public organisations to deliver financial education workshops. In December 2013, we collaborated with the Elderly Commission's Elder Academy in organising a financial education workshop for the elderly. Starting from April 2014, we have partnered with the Hong Kong Police Force to organise talks on diverse finance and investment related topics to the participants of the Senior Police Call programme.

In the year ahead, we plan to conduct more talks and workshops with close collaboration with stakeholders in the community; as well as to provide training for social workers in elderly centres to help address financial issues that the seniors may face.

Working with the Hong Kong Police Force, the IEC reached out to some 300 Senior Police Call Programme participants educating finance and investment messages. 投資者教育中心與香港警務處合作,向約300名「耆樂警訊」計劃參加者灌輸金融和 投資信息。



年內,我們透過與公務員事務局和香港警務處 合辦講座,為約5,000名接近退休年齡的公務 員講解基本的財務策劃和投資知識。

我們亦與公共機構合辦金融理財教育工作坊。 2013年12月, 我們與安老事務委員會的長者 學苑合作,為長者舉辦金融理財教育工作坊。 由2014年4月起,我們與香港警務處合辦講 座,與「耆樂警訊」計劃參加者討論廣泛的 金融和投資相關課題。

未來一年,我們計劃與社區持份者緊密合作, 舉辦更多講座和工作坊,並為長者中心的社工 提供培訓,以協助長者處理可能面對的財務



Understanding Financial Knowledge and Capability 了解金融理財知識與能力





Research and evaluation form a core part of the IEC's strategy. We adopt an evidence-based approach to map the landscape, identify and prioritise the financial education needs in Hong Kong. We conduct research studies to look at Hong Kong people's knowledge, attitudes, behaviour and experiences in relation to personal finance to help inform our strategic approaches and develop specific education campaigns and programmes. We also take into account international research best practices to help tailor and refine our design and delivery of financial education initiatives.

Research also plays an important role in evaluating the impact of particular programmes as well as the changes in financial knowledge and capabilities of Hong Kong people over time. We capture both quantitative indicators and qualitative feedback on our work through pre- and post-campaign and programme evaluation with an objective to ascertain our effectiveness in enhancing the public's financial literacy and capability.

投資者教育中心以研究和評估作為策略核心的 一部分。我們採納實證為本的方針,審視香港 金融理財教育的整體狀況,並確定香港在這 方面的需要和訂立處理的優先次序。我們研究 香港市民的個人理財知識、態度、表現和 經驗,以助制定有關的策略方針及構思具體的 教育活動及計劃。我們亦考慮國際研究的最佳 實務,以助制定和完善金融理財教育的設計 和推行。

研究活動的另一重要作用,是評估具體項目 的效果以及香港市民的金融理財知識和能力 隨時日出現的轉變。我們在推行活動前後進行 評估,掌握量化指標和意見回饋,以確定我們 的工作對提升市民的金融理財知識和能力的 成效。



Conducted 10 major research initiatives since the IEC's establishment to gauge views and education needs covering 6,446 Hong Kong people.

自成立以來,投資者教育中心進行了10個大型研究項目, 訪問6.446名香港市民,以了解他們對金融理財教育的意見和需要。

# Understanding Financial Knowledge and Capability 了解金融理財知識與能力

# Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study

In June 2013, the IEC released the findings of *Financial Knowledge* and *Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study.* The research study was conducted to understand Hong Kong people's financial knowledge, attitudes and behaviour; as well as to help prioritise the direction of future financial education initiatives, shape strategy and provide a base line for tracking changes in financial knowledge and capabilities of Hong Kong people over time. A total of 2,062 interviews in the format of a questionnaire were conducted during June and July 2012 in central locations via street intercept.

The survey sought to measure financial knowledge and capabilities of Hong Kong people in four aspects, namely, "financial knowledge and understanding," "financial control and making ends meet," "choosing and managing investments," and "financial planning." The key research results are as follows:

#### Financial knowledge and understanding

The research showed that the overall financial knowledge and capability in Hong Kong was reasonably good. However, certain investment and financial concepts were not very well understood by some Hong Kong people, especially concepts which may be considered more complex.

#### **Choosing and managing investments**

When making financial decisions, 52% of respondents focused primarily on the rate of return, with only one-fifth considering the downside risk as the most important factor.

The research also showed that 32% of respondents were not aware of factors affecting the price of warrants other than underlying share price; and over half of the respondents (52%) always took up shares in a rights issue if offered at a discounted price.

### Financial planning

Financial planning, as a key aspect of financial literacy, was an area where Hong Kong people demonstrated the lowest levels of understanding and ability. Only about one-third of respondents (36%) had chosen to do a financial plan but the nature and benefits of financial planning were not very clear to them.

## Financial control and making ends meet

Of the four key aspects measured, Hong Kong people were found to have the best knowledge and capability in relation to "financial control and making ends meet." The high savings rate of Hong Kong people, good control of their living expenses, and prudent spending mentality were relevant factors explaining their higher knowledge and capabilities in day-to-day money management.

# 香港金融理財知識與能力: 投資者教育中心基礎研究

2013年6月,投資者教育中心發表《香港金融理財知識與能力:投資者教育中心基礎研究》報告。基礎研究旨在了解香港市民的金融理財知識、態度和行為,並協助本中心制定日後推出金融理財教育計劃的方向、訂立有關策略,並為香港市民的金融理財知識和能力的長遠變化提供基準。研究於2012年6至7月進行,以問卷形式於不同地點作出合共2,062個街頭訪問。

調查由四個方面量度香港市民的金融理財知識和能力,包括「金融理財知識」、「財務管理和收支平衡」、「選擇和管理投資」及「財務策劃」。主要研究結果如下:

## 金融理財知識

研究顯示香港市民普遍具備良好的金融理財 知識和能力。然而,調查發現部分本港市民未 能清楚理解若干投資及財務概念,特別是一些 較複雜的投資概念。

## 選擇及管理投資

香港市民在作出財務決策時,52%的受訪者 著眼回報率;只有約五分之一的受訪者視下跌 風險為最重要的考慮因素。

調查亦發現,有32%的受訪者不清楚除了正股價格以外,還有其他影響認股證價格的因素,而超過一半的受訪者(52%)表示,如供股價有折讓,他們會作出供股。

#### 財務策劃

作為金融理財知識的關鍵部分,財務策劃是香港市民的理解和能力程度看來表現最低的一個範疇。只有約三分之一(36%)的受訪者進行財務策劃,但事實上他們並不太了解有關財務策劃的性質和好處。

### 財務管理和收支平衡

是次研究主要由四個方面量度香港市民的金融 理財知識和能力,當中受訪者於「財務管理和 收支平衡」方面的表現最佳。由於香港人有 較高的儲蓄率、對生活開支有良好的節制, 加上審慎的消費態度,因此在這方面有較高 的能力。



Across demographic groups, the mature age, lower education and lower income groups consistently demonstrated a lower understanding of financial matters, especially on investment risks and financial planning. On many occasions, these three groups were self-reliant decision makers. However, they also had a greater misunderstanding on potential risks involved in more complex investment products.

Comparatively, the lower education and lower income groups were more vulnerable than others as they had less discipline in maintaining regular savings habit, smaller personal budget and less clarity of their living expenses. Further, they did not seem to have a habit to read their account statements.

Although some young adults established a reasonably good financial knowledge compared to other demographic groups, they seemed to have the least concern or attachment about their financial positions. Compared to other groups, young adults had the least engagement in financial planning.

在受訪群組當中,較年長、低學歷和低收入這 三個群組均對金融理財事務,特別是投資風險 和財務策劃的認識較為缺乏。調查亦顯示, 上述三個群組對於較複雜的投資產品所涉及 的潛在風險存在較大的誤解;然而在很多 情況下,他們往往是依靠自己作出有關的 投資決定。

相對來說,低學歷和低收入的群組是較弱勢的 一群,因為他們較不規律作定期儲蓄,也較少 作個人財政預算、而且較不清楚自己的生活 開支。此外,他們亦普遍缺乏細閱個人賬戶 結單的習慣。

雖然部分青少年比其他群組有較豐富的金融 理財知識,但他們是最不關心個人財政狀況的 一群,亦甚少為自己策劃財務。

# **Understanding Financial Knowledge and Capability** 了解金融理財知識與能力

# IEC Research: Knowledge, **Attitudes and Behaviour towards** Money and Debt Management

Money management is key to sound financial planning which helps people achieve their financial goals more effectively.

As a dedicated organisation to cater holistically for the financial education needs of Hong Kong people, the IEC conducted a research study from October 2013 to January 2014 covering a total of 1,766 people. The study sought to understand Hong Kong people's knowledge, attitudes and behaviour towards various aspects of money management, and to identify the knowledge and capability gaps for improvements.

Overall, the financial position of Hong Kong people was reasonably good with 76% maintaining a surplus and 17% living within their means. The highlights of the key research findings are outlined below:

# IEC 調查研究:金融理財及 借貸的知識、態度與行為

財富管理是穩健財務策劃的關鍵,有助個人 更有效地達成其財務目標。

作為全面配合香港市民的金融理財教育需要 的專責機構,投資者教育中心於2013年10月 至2014年1月期間進行調查研究,訪問合共 1,766名香港市民。研究旨在了解香港市民在 金融理財各範疇的知識、態度和行為,以及 探討公衆理財知識和能力的不足之處。

香港市民大致上財政穩健,76%表示財政有 盈餘,另17%達到收支平衡。主要研究結果 摘要如下:



#### Income allocation

On average, Hong Kong people spent 60% of their monthly income on daily necessities and 21% on entertainment and leisure, while reserving the remainder for other needs.

#### 入息分配

香港市民平均把每月收入的六成用於日常生活 的必需開支,21%用於消閒娛樂;餘下的則 留作其他用途。



#### **Expense control**

About half of Hong Kong people (52%) kept a personal budget to manage their finances and the majority claimed to be rational spenders. However, 13% admitted they often struggled against temptations to spend beyond limits.

#### 控制開支

約半數港人(52%)有制定個人收支預算以管理 個人財務,而大部分認為自己會理性消費;但 有13%市民承認會抵受不住誘惑而過度消費。



#### Savings

While the majority of Hong Kong people saved regularly or occasionally, 16% did not save at all. Nearly half of Hong Kong people (43%) did not put aside an emergency fund to cater for their unexpected financial needs.

#### 儲蓄

儘管大部分市民有固定或偶爾儲蓄的習慣, 但亦有16%表示不會儲蓄;約半數(43%) 並無儲備應急錢以備不時之需。



#### Wealth management

One-third of investors (33%) expected to have over 20% for their annual investment returns, and yet over half (53%) did not have a stop-loss strategy to limit their potential investment loss, particularly for the female (60%) and lower income groups (66%).

#### 財富管理

三分一的投資者(33%)期望獲取每年多於 20%的投資回報,過半數投資者(53%)沒有 設定止蝕策略,其中女性(60%)及低收入群 組(66%)的比例較高。



#### Attitudes and behaviour towards borrowing

About one in five Hong Kong people had borrowed money over the past 12 months and among them 19% had failed to repay their debt repayments on time. Buying favourite items (28%) and paying for entertainment expenses (17%) were ranked most common reasons for borrowing.

#### 借貸態度及行為

於過去12個月,每5位港人就約有1位(19%) 曾經借貸,其中19%未能準時還款。香港市民 借貸最普遍的原因是購買心頭好(28%)及用 於娛樂消閒(17%)。

Based on the research findings, the IEC seeks to address the knowledge and capability gaps by enhancing the money management knowledge and capability of Hong Kong people through the provision of comprehensive, credible and impartial financial information, tools and education resources. The IEC's education work covers the following areas:

根據調查研究的結果,投資者教育中心針對 香港市民在理財知識和能力方面的不足之處, 提供全面、可靠以及持平公正的金融理財資 訊、工具和教育資源,以提升他們的理財知識 和技巧。本中心的教育工作涵蓋以下範疇:



- Promote wise and rational spending;
- Promote responsible borrowing and proper use of credit products, for example assessing needs for borrowing, understanding details of various credit products and associated costs, and managing debts effectively;
- Encourage the setting up of personal budget, savings goals and plan as well as holistic personal financial planning; and
- Enhance understanding on financial products including investment objective, plan, return and risks, and correct misconceptions and misunderstanding on investment and risk management.

- 推廣明智和理性消費;
- 推廣負責任的借貸和妥善使用信貸產品, 例如評估借貸需要、了解各種信貸產品及 相關成本的詳細情況、有效地管理債務等;
- 鼓勵訂立個人財政預算、儲蓄目標和計劃, 以及全面的個人財務策劃;及
- 加強對金融產品的認識,包括投資目標、 計劃、回報和風險,以及糾正對投資和風險 管理的錯誤觀念和誤解。

# Our research projects

Over the past year, we have conducted a number of research projects to help us gauge views and expectations, evaluate feedback as well as identify knowledge and capability gaps among the general public. These research initiatives include the following aspects:

# 研究項目

去年,我們進行了多個研究項目,以掌握市民 的意見和期望,評估意見回饋,並探討市民 大眾在金融理財知識和能力上的不足之處。 這些研究活動包括以下範疇:



- Financial Knowledge and Capability in Hong Kong: A Foundation Study
- IEC Research: Knowledge, Attitudes and Behaviour towards Money and Debt Management
- · Review of financial education initiatives in Hong Kong
- · Review of international financial education and financial literacy research
- · Review of financial literacy education in schools
- · Consumer understanding and knowledge about the Investment-linked Assurance Schemes and new regulatory measures
- · Post-campaign evaluation of IEC's multimedia education on investor and consumer rights and responsibilities 2013
- IEC's community outreach efforts
- · IEC website, interactive tools and publications

- 《香港金融理財知識與能力:投資者教 育中心基礎研究》
- 《IEC調查研究:金融理財及借貸的知 識、態度與行為》
- 香港金融理財教育活動概覽研究
- 國際金融理財教育和金融知識的文獻 研究
- 中小學金融理財教育研究
- 消費者對投資相連壽險計劃及新規管 措施的了解和知識
- 投資者教育中心的投資者及消費者權利 與責任多媒體金融理財教育活動2013 評估
- 投資者教育中心的社區外展活動
- 投資者教育中心網站、互動工具及刊物





# Stakeholder collaboration

Financial education work requires long-term commitment and strategic planning. As we begin this journey, we strive to work closely with key stakeholders as well as the broader community to develop the IEC as the focal point for holistic financial education.

We have obtained the full support of all four financial regulators in Hong Kong, the Education Bureau, and the financial services industry, whose representatives are part of the governing Executive Committee of the IEC.

To help refine our education initiatives and to seek input and assistance, we have established a number of advisory groups consisting of financial education experts and practitioners from financial services institutions, industry associations, education organisations, government departments and agencies, non-profit organisations and consumer advocacy groups. Hand in hand, we are working closely together to enhance financial literacy and capability of Hong Kong people.

# 與持份者合作

金融理財教育工作需要長遠的承擔和策略規 劃。在開展這些工作的同時,我們努力與主要 的持份者以及市民大眾緊密合作,務求發展 投資者教育中心為匯聚本港金融理財教育資源 的機構。

我們獲得香港四個金融監管機構、教育局和 金融服務業的全力支持。這些機構的代表亦 擔任投資者教育中心管治委員會成員。

為完善我們的教育計劃,並能徵詢意見和尋求 協助,我們成立了多個諮詢小組,匯聚來自 金融服務機構、業界組織、教育機構、政府部 門和機構、非牟利機構和消費者倡議組織等的 金融教育專家和從業員。我們正緊密合作, 攜手提高香港市民的金融理財知識和能力。

# Working with and Engaging Stakeholders 與持份者合作和聯繫

# **Advisory Committee**

In April 2013, the IEC established a standing Advisory Committee consisting of a wide range of relevant stakeholders to provide high-level advice and insight to the IEC. The Committee also acts as a forum for consultation and collaboration.

During the year, the Committee met three times. Members shared their views on the IEC's education work and suggested areas that the IEC should focus on.

# 諮詢委員會

2013年4月,投資者教育中心成立了一個常設 的諮詢委員會,其成員包括各相關的持份者, 向本中心提供高層次的意見,以及作為諮詢與 協作的平台。

年內,委員會舉行了三次會議,委員就投資者 教育中心的教育工作交流意見,並提出本中心 應專注處理事項的建議。





Name 姓名	Organisation 機構名稱
KO Yuk Kwai, Cecilia (Chairperson) 1	Investor Education Centre
高玉桂 (主席)	投資者教育中心
CHAN King Cheung 2	Media
陳景祥	傳媒界人士
CHIAM Sou Hong 3	Financial Dispute Resolution Centre
詹少弘	金融糾紛調解中心
CHIU Siu Po, Steve 4	Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong
趙小寶	香港財務策劃師學會
FRASER Stuart (from 5 June 2013) 5	The Hong Kong Federation of Insurers
司徒富瑞 (由2013年6月5日起)	香港保險業聯會
FUNG Wei Lung, Brian 6 馮煒能	The Hong Kong Securities Association 香港證券業協會

LEE Chor Fong, Karen	The Hong Kong Association of Banks
李楚芳	香港銀行公會
LEE Kam Wing, Bruno 8	Hong Kong Investment Funds Association
李錦榮	香港投資基金公會
LO Wai Keung, David 9	Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited
勞偉強	香港交易及結算所有限公司
Dr MAK Sui Choi, Billy 10	Academia
麥萃才博士	學術界人士
Dr SIU Mei Fung, Gloria 11	Finance Professional
蕭美鳳博士	金融界人士
STEEL Roger David (to 4 June 2013)	The Hong Kong Federation of Insurers
(至2013年6月4日止)	香港保險業聯會
WONG Wan Ming, Rosa 12	Consumer Council
黃蘊明	消費者委員會
YIP Yuk Ping, Elsie 13	Hong Kong Police Force
葉玉萍	香港警務處

# Alternate members 候補委員

Name 姓名	Organisation 機構名稱
CHAK Man Yee (to 5 July 2013)	Financial Dispute Resolution Centre
翟敏儀(至2013年7月5日止)	金融糾紛調解中心
CHAN Jeffrey	The Hong Kong Securities Association
陳立德	香港證券業協會
CHEUNG Man To, Raymond (from 3 March 2014)	Financial Dispute Resolution Centre
張文韜 (由2014年3月3日起)	金融糾紛調解中心
FRASER Stuart (to 4 June 2013)	The Hong Kong Federation of Insurers
司徒富瑞(至2013年6月4日止)	香港保險業聯會
HO Pak-ling, Berlin	Hong Kong Police Force
何伯寧	香港警務處
HO Yiu Cheong, Sanly	Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited
何耀昌	香港交易及結算所有限公司
PAN San Kong, Terry	Hong Kong Investment Funds Association
潘新江	香港投資基金公會
ROBINSON Andrew John Lever (from 5 June 2013) (由2013年6月5日起)	
SHUM Cheuk Yiu 7	The Hong Kong Association of Banks
岑卓耀	香港銀行公會
TAM Sau Ngor, Vera	Consumer Council
譚秀娥	消費者委員會
TSE Yue Hong	Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong
謝汝康	香港財務策劃師學會

# Working with and Engaging Stakeholders 與持份者合作和聯繫

# **Advisory Groups**

The IEC has also set up three standing Advisory Groups, with an objective to seek advice and guidance on the design, delivery and promotion of our outreach programmes targeting at youth, the grassroot segment and the elderly. The establishment of these advisory groups helps ensure that the IEC's financial education initiatives can be tailored to the needs of our target audience; as well as to strengthen our collaboration with stakeholders.

# **Advisory Group: Financial Education Programmes** for Youth

Objective: To advise the IEC in its development of financial education programmes, tools and resources for tertiary students and young adults that encourage them to plan their finances from young age and promote responsible attitudes and habits.

# 諮詢小組

投資者教育中心也設立了三個常設的諮詢小 組,目的是就以青少年、基層市民及長者為對 象的外展計劃,諮詢有關設計、實施和推廣方 面的意見和指引。這些諮詢小組的成立,有助 確保投資者教育中心的金融理財教育計劃切合 目標受眾的需要,以及加強與持份者的協作。

## 青少年金融理財教育諮詢小組

目標:提供意見,幫助投資者教育中心制定以 大專生及年青人為對象的金融理財教育計劃、 工具和資源,以鼓勵他們從小規劃財務狀況, 並推廣負責任的理財態度和習慣。

Name #4	
Name 姓名	Organisation 機構名稱
YIP Damian (Chairperson)	Investor Education Centre
葉卓明 (主席)	投資者教育中心
CHOW Wan Chi, Vincci	Christian Action
周韻姿	基督教勵行會
HUNG Wan Kau, Albert 熊運球	HKU School of Professional and Continuing Education 香港大學專業進修學院
LAM Wai Leung	The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology
林惟良	香港科技大學
LAM Yik Tin, Miranda	Investor Education Centre
林奕鈿	投資者教育中心
LAU Pui Ling, Selina	The Hong Kong Federation of Insurers
劉佩玲	香港保險業聯會
LAU Sio Kuan, Vivian	Junior Achievement Hong Kong
劉少坤	國際成就計劃香港部
Dr LLOYD Alison Elizabeth	The Hong Kong Polytechnic University
萊韻詩博士	香港理工大學
SHUM Lun Kwong, Stewart	Student Financial Assistance Agency
岑倫光	學生資助辦事處
Dr WONG Chi Tim	City University of Hong Kong
黃志添博士	香港城市大學
WONG Ho Yu, Patricia	Investor Education Centre
黃可瑜	投資者教育中心
Dr YAN Ting Kwan	Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education (Chai Wan)
甄鼎君博士	香港專業教育學院 (柴灣)
YUNG Lai Ping 翁麗萍	Caritas Family Crisis Line & Education Centre 明愛向睛軒 — 危機專線及教育中心

# **Advisory Group: Financial Education Programmes** for Grassroots

Objective: To advise the IEC in its development of financial education programmes, tools and resources to equip grassroots or those with lower levels of formal education and income with skills and knowledge to manage their personal finances and make informed financial decisions.

# 基層人士金融理財教育諮詢小組

目標: 為投資者教育中心制定金融理財教育計 劃、工具及資源提供建議,讓基層市民或正規 教育水平較低和入息較少的人士,掌握管理 個人財務及作出有根據的理財決定所需的技巧 及知識。

Name 姓名	Organisation 機構名稱
YIP Damian (Chairperson)	Investor Education Centre
葉卓明 (主席)	投資者教育中心
CHAN Betty	Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority
陳利碧衡	強制性公積金計劃管理局
Professor CHAN L.W., Cecilia 陳麗雲教授	Department of Social Work and Social Administration, The University of Hong Kong 香港大學社會工作及社會行政學系
CHAN Wing-Kin	The Boys' & Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong
陳永健	香港小童群益會
CHING Pui Yuk	The Women's Foundation
程沛玉	婦女基金會
CHOI Suk Mun, Anny	Investor Education Centre
蔡淑敏	投資者教育中心
CHOW Oi Ting 周靄婷	Hong Kong East Family Development Service Centre, Baptist Oi Kwan Social Service 浸信會愛羣社會服務處港島東家庭成長及發展服務中心
FUNG K.M., David	St. James' Settlement
馮啟民	聖雅各福群會
KWOK Chi Ying	Caritas Family Crisis Support Centre
郭志英	明愛向睛軒
LAU Wing Kam, Vicky	Investor Education Centre
劉詠琴	投資者教育中心
LEUNG Kai Lik	HKFTU Occupational Retraining Centre
梁啓力	工聯會職業再訓練中心
PONG Po Lam	Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong
龐寶林	香港財務策劃師學會

# Working with and Engaging Stakeholders 與持份者合作和聯繫

# **Advisory Group: Financial Education Programmes** for Elderly

Objective: To advise the IEC in its development of financial education programmes, tools and resources for mature age financial consumers and investors to help them better plan for their retirement and assist them in their financial management.

# 長者金融理財教育諮詢小組

目標:就投資者教育中心為年長的金融消費者 和投資者制定金融理財教育計劃、工具及資源 提供建議,協助他們更好地規劃退休和妥善 理財。

Name 姓名	Organisation 機構名稱
YIP Damian (Chairperson)	Investor Education Centre
葉卓明 (主席)	投資者教育中心
Professor CHAN Cheung Ming, Alfred	Elderly Commission
陳章明教授	安老事務委員會
CHAN Fuk Lung 陳福龍	Tung Wah Group of Hospitals Healthy Budgeting Family Debt Counselling Centre 東華三院健康理財家庭輔導中心
FUNG Chui Sim 馮翠嬋	The Salvation Army Senior Citizens Talent Advancement Project Kwun Tong Centre 救世軍者才拓展計劃觀塘中心
HUI Wai Ling	Caritas Hong Kong – Services for the Elderly
許蕙玲	香港明愛安老服務
LEUNG Kai King	Caritas Hong Kong – Services for the Elderly
梁啟經	香港明愛安老服務
PAU Siu Ming	Commercial Crime Bureau, Hong Kong Police Force
鮑兆銘	香港警務處商業罪案調查科
POON Yuen Shun, Vincent	Investor Education Centre
潘淵淳	投資者教育中心
TANG Pik Yu	Hong Kong Association of Banks
鄧碧瑜	香港銀行公會
WONG Fan Foung, Jackson	Elderly Commission
黃帕風	安老事務委員會
WONG Lai Choi	Hong Kong Sheng Kung Hui Welfare Council Limited
黃禮財	香港聖公會福利協會有限公司

# **Steering Committee: Understanding Financial Literacy in Schools**

In order to promote and support the learning and teaching of financial literacy in schools, the IEC conducted a research study in mid-2013 to understand how financial literacy is currently taught in schools, the need for teaching aids and the opportunities to support and/or promote such learning and teaching. A Steering Committee was set up in July 2013 to oversee the research project and provide high-level advice and guidance on key aspects of the project at different stages.

# 中小學金融理財研究指導委員會

為促進及支援在學校教授和學習金融理財知 識,投資者教育中心於2013年中進行了一項 研究,以了解學校目前教授的金融理財知識、 輔助教材的需要,以及支援及/或促進這類 學習和教學的機會。投資者教育中心於2013年 7月成立指導委員會,以監督這個研究項目, 並在不同階段為項目的主要範疇提供高層次的 建議和指引。

Name 姓名	Organisation 機構名稱
LAM Yik Tin, Miranda (Chairperson)	Investor Education Centre
林奕鈿 (主席)	投資者教育中心
Dr CHAN Kar Yee, Grace	Education Bureau
陳家兒博士	教育局
CHAN Sai Hai, Angus	Hong Kong Monetary Authority
陳世起	香港金融管理局
HO Sui Mei, May 何瑞眉	Federation of Parent-Teacher Association of Yuen Long District Ltd 元朗區家長教師會聯會有限公司
HSIAO Chun Mo	Ning Po No.2 College
蕭振武	寧波第二中學
KWOK Lai Yin	Investor Education Centre
郭麗賢	投資者教育中心
LAM Yat Fung, James	Hong Kong Subsidized Secondary Schools Council
林日豐	香港津貼中學議會
LAW Ka Mei	Investor Education Centre
羅嘉美	投資者教育中心
LEE Lai Mui, Agnes	Ma Tau Chung Government Primary School Hung Hom Bay
李麗梅	馬頭涌官立小學 (紅磡灣)
TSUI Kwan Yuk 徐崑玉	Hong Kong Association for Science and Mathematics Education Ltd 香港數理教育學會有限公司
YIP Damian	Investor Education Centre
葉卓明	投資者教育中心

# Working with and Engaging Stakeholders 與持份者合作和聯繫

# **International engagement**

Since the global financial crisis in 2008, many jurisdictions around the world have significantly enhanced financial education and increased international cooperation through global networks to promote sharing of knowledge and experiences in the development of best practices.

As Hong Kong is one of the world's leading international financial centres, it is important that the IEC participates in such international networks and related developments. This allows the IEC to share ideas with our international counterparts and to benefit from their experience in financial education.

# Participating in IOSCO and OECD financial education networks

In mid-2013, the IEC joined the Committee on Retail Investors set up by the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO). The primary mandate of the Committee is to conduct IOSCO's policy work on retail investor education and financial literacy. The IEC participated in a number of teleconferences and overseas meetings in July and October 2013 and January 2014 for coordinating and contributing to the work of the Committee.

From September 2013 the IEC has become a member of the OECD International Network on Financial Education (INFE), the leading network that develops best practice guidelines for financial education, in order to keep abreast of the latest developments in financial education around the world.

In the past year, the IEC also participated in a number of international conferences and meetings to share experience in financial education and to introduce to the participants the IEC's development, strategy, and initiatives. These included OECD INFE meetings and conferences in May and October 2013.

The IEC will continue to engage internationally to further strengthen its relationships with counterparts in overseas jurisdictions; and to benchmark Hong Kong's financial education work with international best practices and standards.

# 國際參與

自2008年全球金融危機以來,世界各地不少 地區已明顯加強金融理財教育,並透過全球網 絡加強國際間的合作,以促進知識和經驗分享 來制定最佳實務指引。

由於香港是全球領先的國際金融中心之一, 投資者教育中心參與上述國際網絡及相關發展 乃至關重要,讓本中心與國際同業進行交流, 並從中汲取金融理財教育的經驗。

# 參與國際證監會組織和經濟合作發展 組織的金融理財教育網絡

2013年中,投資者教育中心參加了由國際證 券事務監察委員會組織(國際證監會組織) 成立的散戶投資者委員會。委員會的主要工作 是執行國際證監會組織在散戶投資者教育及 金融理財知識方面的政策工作。投資者教育 中心於2013年7月和10月及2014年1月參加了 多個電話及海外會議,以協調和推動委員會 的工作。

2013年9月,投資者教育中心成為經濟合作發 展組織國際金融理財教育網絡(International Network on Financial Education, INFE) 成員。該著名網絡為金融理財教育制定最佳 實務指引,以緊貼全球金融理財教育的最新 發展。

去年,投資者教育中心亦參加了多個國際會 議,分享金融理財教育的經驗,並向與會者 介紹本中心的發展、策略和活動,包括於 2013年5月和10月舉行的經濟合作發展組織 國際金融理財教育網絡會議。

投資者教育中心將繼續參與國際活動,以進一 步加強與海外相關機構的連繫,並以國際 最佳實務指引和標準作為本港金融理財教育 的基準。

# Sharing our experiences

In view of the growing economic integration between HKSAR and mainland China, the IEC has also forged links and exchanged experience in financial education and consumer/investor protection matters with regulatory authorities and investor protection bodies in mainland China.

In August 2013, the IEC was invited as a keynote speaker to present its Strategic Plan and financial education experience to over 150 industry participants at the conference organised by the China Securities Regulatory Commission and China Futures Association.

# 分享我們的經驗

鑑於香港特別行政區與中國內地的經濟日趨 融合,投資者教育中心亦與中國內地的監管 機構和投資者保障機構建立關係,就金融理財 教育及消費者/投資者保障事宜交流經驗。

2013年8月,投資者教育中心獲邀在中國證券 監督管理委員會與中國期貨業協會舉辦的會議 上發表主題演講,向超過150名業界與會者介 紹其策略發展計劃及金融理財教育的經驗。



The IEC shared its three-year Strategic Plan and the latest initiatives to financial industry participants in Beijing, China.

投資者教育中心在中國北京向金融業的與會者分享其三年策略發展計劃及最新活動。



The IEC Chairman Professor Leonard Cheng addressed some 250 financial education experts and practitioners at a major financial education summit themed "Moving Financial Capability Forward: Innovation, Scale and Impact" in December 2013. 2013年12月,投資者教育中心主席鄭國漢教授在一個 以「Moving Financial Capability Forward: Innovation, Scale and Impact」為題的大型金融理財教育峰會上, 向約250名金融理財教育專家及從業員發表演説。

During the year, we also shared our experiences with local and international counterparts and participated in conferences and activities to advocate the need for financial education and enhance public understanding and knowledge about the IEC. These included the meeting with Swedish Minister for Financial Market and his delegation in October 2013 to discuss the IEC's work and strategies and to share views on practices and activities. In December 2013, the IEC Chairman Professor Leonard Cheng was a keynote speaker at a major financial education forum in Hong Kong about the latest developments of financial literacy and capability.

年內,我們亦與本地和國際同業分享我們的 經驗,並參加多個會議和活動,以提倡金融理 財教育,並使公眾加深了解和認識投資者教育 中心。這些會議和活動包括於2013年10月與 瑞典金融市場部長及其代表團會面,討論投資 者教育中心的工作和策略,並交流對實務和 教育活動的觀點。2013年12月,投資者教育 中心主席鄭國漢教授在本港一個大型金融理財 教育論壇上發表主題演説,講解提升金融知識 和能力方面的最新發展。

# **Report of the Directors**

# 董事報告書

The directors present herewith their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2014.

董事現呈交截至2014年3月31日止期間的周年 報告及經審核財務報表。

## Principal place of business

Investor Education Centre (IEC) is a company incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong and has its registered office and principal place of business at 21/F, Cheung Kong Center, 2 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

## **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the IEC are to enhance the understanding and knowledge of members of the public about the benefits, risks and liabilities associated with purchasing financial services and products; to promote understanding by the public of the importance of making informed financial decisions and taking responsibilities for those decisions as financial consumers and investors.

#### Financial statements

The financial results for the year ended 31 March 2014 and the state of the IEC's affairs as at 31 March 2014 are set out in the audited financial statements presented on pages 61 to 72.

#### **Directors**

The directors during the period and up to the date of this report are:

CHENG Kwok Hon, Leonard (Chairman)

CHAN Ka Ki, Catherine (resigned with effect from 26 November 2013) **CHAN Sun Hung** 

CHAN Tze Ching, Ignatius

CHENG Yan-Chee (appointed on 9 May 2013)

LARBEY Miles Howard (resigned with effect from 23 November 2013)

LEE Wing Sing, Vincent

WAN Chi Yiu, Andrew

LEE Sha Lun, Sheridan (appointed on 17 February 2014)

#### **Directors' interests in contracts**

Except for the purposes of the employment of Mr Miles Howard Larbey, an ex-director, no contract of significance to which the IEC, its holding company or fellow subsidiaries, was a party and in which a director of the IEC had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### **Auditors**

KPMG retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the IEC is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

CHENG Kwok Hon, Leonard

26 May 2014

#### 主要營業地點

投資者教育中心(本中心)是一家在香港成立 及註冊的公司,其註冊辦事處及主要營業地點 位於香港皇后大道中2號長江集團中心21樓。

#### 主要活動

本中心的主要活動旨在加強公眾了解及認識 購買金融服務和產品所獲得的利益、所涉及的 風險及責任;以及促進公眾了解作為金融消費 者和投資者而作出有根據的理財決定,及為該 等決定承擔責任的重要性。

### 財務報表

本中心截至2014年3月31日止年度的財務業績 及於2014年3月31日的事務狀況,載列於 第61頁至第72頁的經審核財務報表內。

# 董事

在該段期間及截至本報告書日期為止的董事 包括:

鄭國漢(主席)

陳嘉琪(2013年11月26日離任)

陳慎雄

鄭恩賜(2013年5月9日獲委任)

黎昊華(2013年11月23日離任)

李永誠

温志遙

李沙崙(2014年2月17日獲委任)

## 董事的合約權益

除與聘用前任董事黎昊華先生有關的合約外, 在年度終結時或在年度內任何時間,並不存 在任何以本中心、其控股公司或同系附屬公司 作為訂約方及由本中心董事直接或間接擁有 重大權益的重要合約。

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所現依章告退,惟符合資格 並願意應聘連任。本中心將在即將舉行的周年 大會上,提呈再度委任畢馬威會計師事務所為 本中心核數師的決議案。

董事局代表

#### 鄭國漢

2014年5月26日

# **Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Investor Education Centre**

# 獨立核數師報告致投資者教育中心的成員

(Incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee) (在香港註冊成立的擔保有限公司)

We have audited the financial statements of Investor Education Centre (IEC) set out on pages 61 to 72 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2014 and the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the IEC are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you as a body, in accordance with section 80 of Schedule 11 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

我們已審計列載於第61頁至第72頁投資者教 育中心(貴中心)的財務報表,此財務報表包 括於2014年3月31日的財務狀況表,截至該日 止年度的全面收益表及現金流量表,以及主要 會計政策概要及其他附註解釋資料。

## 董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

貴中心董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒 布的《國際財務匯報準則》及香港《公司條例》 編製公平地反映真實情況的財務報表,以及落 實其認為編製財務報表所必要的內部控制, 以使財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述。

#### 核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等財務報表 作出意見。本報告乃按照香港《公司條例》 (第622章) 附表11第80條的規定,僅向貴 中心作出報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可 用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容, 對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計 準則》進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德 規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定財務報 表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

# **Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Investor Education Centre** 獨立核數師報告致投資者教育中心的成員

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the IEC as at 31 March 2014 and of its result and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **KPMG**

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

26 May 2014

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關財務報表所載 金額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選定的程序取 決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。 在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與有關實體 編製公平地反映真實情況的財務報表相關的內 部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非 對有關實體的內部控制的有效性發表意見。 審計亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適 性及作出會計估計的合理性,以及評價財務報 表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

## 意見

我們認為,該等財務報表已根據《國際財務 匯報準則》真實而公平地反映貴中心於2014年 3月31日的事務狀況及截至該日止年度的業績 和現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》適當 編製。

#### 畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

2014年5月26日

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

# 全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至2014年3月31日止年度(單位:港元)

			For the	
			period ended	
			31 March 2013	
			截至 2013年3月31日	
		2014	上期間	
	Note 附註	\$	\$	
Income				收入
Recoveries from Securities and				從證券及期貨事務監察
Futures Commission	2c	45,604,379	14,634,073	委員會收回的款項
Expenses	,			支出
Pre-operating expenses		_	3,028,928	營運前支出
Premises				辦公室地方
Rent	10	2,547,097	_	租金
Rates, management fees and others		371,827	_	差餉、管理費及其他
Staff costs	4	15,140,387	3,242,157	人事費用
Education programmes	5	20,297,872	7,875,426	教育項目
Other expenses	6	7,129,080	439,311	其他支出
Depreciation	7	118,116	48,251	折舊
		45,604,379	14,634,073	
Result for the period before taxation		_	_	年度税前業績
Taxation	3	-	_	税項
Total comprehensive income				
for the year/period		_	_	年度/期間全面收益總額

The notes on pages 64 to 72 form part of these financial statements.

第64頁至第72頁的附註是本財務報表整體的 一部分。

# **Statement of Financial Position**

# 財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 於2014年3月31日(單位:港元)

	Note 附註	2014 \$	2013	
Non-current assets				非流動資產
Fixed assets	7	191,327	96,501	固定資產
Current assets				流動資產
Cash at bank and in hand		3,907,537	772,605	銀行及庫存現金
Amount due from Securities and Futures Commission		_	770,734	來自證券及期貨事務監察 委員會的應收款項
Prepayments and deposits	8	552,744	182,445	預付款項及按金
		4,460,281	1,725,784	
Current liabilities				流動負債
Accrued charges and other payables	9	4,351,220	1,822,285	應計費用及其他應付款項
Amount due to Securities and Futures Commission		300,388	_	應付予證券及期貨事務 監察委員會的款項
		4,651,608	1,822,285	
Net current liabilities		(191,327)	(96,501)	流動負債淨額
Total assets less current liabilities		_	_	資產總值減流動負債
Net assets		_	_	資產總值

We have not prepared a separate statement of changes in equity as there have been no changes during the year/period.

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 May 2014 and signed on its behalf by

由於年度/期間內權益並無發生任何變動, 因此我們並沒有另行編製權益變動表。

於2014年5月26日由董事局核准及許可發出, 並由下列人士代表簽署:

**CHENG Kwok Hon, Leonard** Chairman

Wan Chi Yiu, Andrew Director

鄭國漢 主席

温志遙 董事

The notes on pages 64 to 72 form part of these financial statements.

第64頁至第72頁的附註是本財務報表整體的 一部分。

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

# 現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2014 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) 截至2014年3月31日止年度(單位:港元)

		For the	
		period ended 31 March 2013	
		都至	
		2013年3月31日	
	2014	止期間	
	\$	\$	
Cash flows from operating activities			營業活動所引致的現金流量
Result for the year/period	_	_	年度/期間業績
Depreciation	118,116	48,251	折舊
Increase in prepayments and deposits	(370,299)	(182,445)	預付款項及按金的增加
Increase/(decrease) in amount due to			來自證券及期貨事務監察委員會
Securities and Futures Commission	1,071,122	(770,734)	的應收款項的增加/(減少)
Increase in accrued charges and			應計費用及其他應付款項的
other payables	2,528,935	1,822,285	增加
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,347,874	917,357	源自營運活動的現金淨額
Cash flows from investing activities			投資活動所引致的現金流量
Fixed assets purchased	(212,942)	(144,752)	購入固定資產
Net cash used in investing activities	(212,942)	(144,752)	用於投資活動的現金淨額
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	3,134,932	772,605	現金及等同現金項目的增加淨額
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of			年度/期間開始時現金及等同
the year/period	772,605	_	現金項目
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of			年度 / 期間終結時現金及等同
the year/period	3,907,537	772,605	現金項目
Analysis of the balance of cash and			現金及等同現金項目的結餘
cash equivalents:			分析:
Cash at bank and in hand	3,907,537	772,605	銀行及庫存現金

# **Notes to the Financial Statements** 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (單位:港元)

## Status and principal activities

The IEC was incorporated on 19 October 2012 in Hong Kong under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance as a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. The address of its registered office is 21/F, Cheung Kong Center, 2 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong.

The principal activities of the IEC are to enhance the understanding and knowledge of members of the public about the benefits, risks and liabilities associated with purchasing financial services and products; to promote understanding by the public of the importance of making informed financial decisions and taking responsibilities for those decisions as financial consumers and investors.

Under the provisions of the IEC's Memorandum of Association, every member shall, in the event of the IEC being wound up, contribute to the assets of the IEC an amount not exceeding HK\$10. At 31 March 2014, the IEC had 1 member.

# 2. Significant accounting policies

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The IEC prepares its financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (including applicable International Accounting Standards and Interpretations) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the IEC is set out below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the IEC. Note 2(k) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the IEC for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

The IEC has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period (see note 14).

These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), "Accounts and Audit", which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance.

#### 1. 本中心的地位及主要活動

本中心是一家於2012年10月19日根據 香港《公司條例》成立的無股本擔保有限 公司,其註冊辦事處位於香港皇后大道中 2號長江集團中心21樓。

本中心的主要活動旨在加強公眾了解及 認識購買金融服務和產品所獲得的利益、 所涉及的風險及責任; 以及促進公眾了解 作為金融消費者和投資者而作出有根據 的理財決定,及為該等決定承擔責任的 重要性。

本中心《組織章程大綱》的條文訂明, 本中心一旦清盤,每名成員均須分擔 提供不超過十港元的款額予本中心的資 產。於2014年3月31日,本中心有一名 成員。

## 2. 主要會計政策

#### (a) 符合準則聲明

本中心按照國際會計準則委員會頒布的 《國際財務匯報準則》(包括適用的國際 會計準則及詮釋)編製財務報表。本中心 的主要會計政策摘錄如下。

國際會計準則委員公布了若干首次生效或 可供在本中心的當前會計期間提早採納的 新訂及經修訂的《國際財務匯報準則》。 附註2(k)載列在與本中心有關的範圍內, 初始應用這些新訂及經修訂的準則所引致 當前和以往會計期間的會計政策變動, 並已於本財務報表內反映的有關資料。

本中心並無採用任何在當前會計期間尚未 生效的新準則或詮釋(另見附註14)。

本財務報表亦符合香港《公司條例》的適 用披露規定,即根據為新的香港《公司條 例》(第622章)第9部「帳目及審計」作出 的過渡性安排及保留安排(載於《公司條 例》附表11第76至87條),這些載於前 《公司條例》(第32章)內的披露規定繼續 適用於本財政年度及比較期間。

# 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The IEC prepares these financial statements on a going concern basis notwithstanding that the stated current liabilities are in excess of the stated current assets at 31 March 2014. The Securities and Futures Commission (SFC), the ultimate holding entity, has given an undertaking to continue to provide such financial assistance as is necessary to maintain the IEC as a going concern.

We have prepared these financial statements using the historical cost basis as the measurement basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

We review the estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis. We recognise revisions to accounting estimates in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## (c) Recognition of income

We recognise income in the statement of comprehensive income provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the IEC and we can measure reliably the revenue and cost.

#### Recoveries from the SFC

The IEC's income is reimbursement from the SFC for expenditure incurred. We recognise recoveries from the SFC on an accruals basis.

#### (d) Employee benefits

We accrue salaries and allowances, paid annual leave and contributions to defined contribution plans in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 財務報表的編製基準

儘管於2014年3月31日所列出的流動負 債超逾所列出的流動資產,本中心仍以 持續經營基準編製本財務報表。本中心的 最終控股實體證券及期貨事務監察委員會 (證監會)已承諾在有需要時提供財政資 助,以維持本中心持續營運。

我們以歷史成本的基準為計量的基準編製 本財務報表。

本財務報表是以符合《國際財務匯報準 則》的方式編製,據此,管理層需要作出 判斷、估計及假設,而該等判斷、估計及 假設會影響政策的應用以及所匯報的資 產、負債、收入及支出等數額。該等估計 及相關假設是根據我們過往的經驗及在該 等情況下相信為合理的各種其他因素作出 的,所得結果構成目前未能明顯地從其他 來源取得的對資產與負債的帳面值作出 判斷的依據。實際結果或會有別於該等 估計。

我們持續覆核所作估計及相關假設。如會 計估計的修訂只影響當期,我們便於當期 確認有關修訂;如會計估計的修訂對當期 及未來期間均有影響,我們會於當期及 未來期間確認有關修訂。

#### (c) 收入的確認

當經濟利益相當可能會流入本中心,而我 們可對有關收益及成本作出可靠的計量 時,我們便會在全面收益表內確認有關 收入。

#### 從證監會收回的款項

本中心的收入為證監會就已招致的開支 所付還的款項。我們按照應計基準確認從 證監會收回的款項。

#### (d) 僱員福利

我們將僱員薪金及津貼、有薪年假及對 界定供款計劃的供款在僱員提供相關服務 的年度內按應計基準記入。

# Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(單位:港元)

## Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (e) Fixed assets and depreciation

We state fixed assets at cost less accumulated depreciation, which is calculated to write off their costs. less their estimated residual value, if any, over their anticipated useful lives on a straight-line basis, and impairment losses (see note 2(j)). We use the following useful lives:

· Furniture and fixtures 5 years Office equipment 5 years Personal computers and software 3 years

Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

#### (f) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, we consider that the following are related parties of the IEC:

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the IEC if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the IEC;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the IEC; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the IEC or the IEC's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the IEC if any of the following conditions applies:
  - The entity and the IEC are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the IEC or an entity related to the IEC.

#### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (e) 固定資產及折舊

固定資產是以成本減累積折舊及減值虧損 (見附註2(j))列出。我們以直線法於固定 資產的預計使用期限內攤銷其成本值,及 扣除其估計剩餘價值(如有的話)來計算 折舊。我們採用以下的使用期限:

• 傢俬及裝置 5年 • 辦公室設備 5年 • 個人電腦及軟件

資產的使用期限及其剩餘價值(如有的 話) 均每年檢討一次。

#### (f) 關連各方

為符合本財務報表的目的,我們認為下列 各方與本中心有關連:

- (a) 任何人如符合以下説明,其本人或 近親即屬與本中心有關連:
  - (i) 控制或與第三方共同控制本 中心;
  - (ii) 對本中心具有重大的影響力;
  - (iii) 是本中心或本中心母公司的 主要管理人員。
- (b) 如符合下列任何條件,企業實體即 屬與本中心有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本中心隸屬同一集團 (意指彼此的母公司、附屬公司 和同系附屬公司互有關連)。
  - (ii) 一家實體是另一實體的聯營 公司或合營企業(或是另一 實體所屬集團旗下成員公司的 聯營公司或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體是同一第三方的合營 企業。
  - (iv) 一家實體是第三方實體的合營 企業,而另一實體是第三方 實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體是為本中心或作為本 中心關連方的任何實體的僱員 福利而設的離職後福利計劃。

# 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (f) Related parties (continued)

- (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

## (g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

## (h) Prepayments and deposits

We initially recognise prepayments and deposits at fair value and thereafter state these at amortised cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

We measure impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted where the effect of discounting is material.

Prepayments and deposits and other receivables are loans and receivables in accordance with the determination in International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

#### (i) Accrued charges and other payables

We initially recognise accrued charges and other payables at fair value and thereafter state these at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case we state them at cost.

Other payables and accrued charges are financial liabilities measured at amortised costs in accordance with the determination in IAS 39, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

## (j) Impairment

We review the carrying amounts of the IEC's assets at the end of each accounting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, we estimate the asset's recoverable amount. We recognise in the statement of comprehensive income an impairment loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (f) 關連各方(續)

- (vi) 該實體受到上述(a)項所指的人 控制或與第三方共同控制。
- (vii) 上述(a)(i)項所指的人對該實體 具有重大的影響力,或是該實 體(或該實體母公司)的主要 管理人員。

任何人的近親是指在與該實體進行事務往 來時預期可能會影響該人或受該人影響的 家屬。

#### (g) 現金及等同現金項目

現金及等同現金項目包括銀行及庫存 現金。

#### (h) 預付款項及按金

我們最初以公平價值確認預付款項及按 金,其後以已攤銷成本扣除呆壞帳減值 虧損列帳。

我們將金融資產的帳面值與估計未來現 金流量的折讓值(如折讓的影響屬重大的 話) 之間的差額計量為呆壞帳減值虧損。

預付款項及按金及其他應收款項按照 《國際會計準則》第39號「金融工具:確 認與計量」的規定屬於貸款及應收款項。

## (i) 應計費用及其他應付款項

我們最初以公平價值確認應計費用及其他 應付款項,其後以已攤銷成本列出該等 帳項,但假如折讓的影響並不重大,則以 成本列出。

其他應付款項及應計費用按照《國際會計 準則》第39號的規定屬於按攤銷成本計量 的金融負債,但假如折讓的影響並不重 大,則以成本列出。

#### (i) 資產減值

我們在各會計期間終結時覆核本中心資產 的帳面值,以確定有否出現減值跡象。 假如存在減值跡象,我們便會估計有關資 產的可收回數額。當某項資產的帳面值高 於可收回數額時,我們便會確認減值虧 損,並記入全面收益表內。

# Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(單位:港元)

# 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (j) Impairment (continued)

Impairment losses for receivables whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote are recorded using an allowance account. When the IEC is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

## (k) Changes in accounting policies

The IASB has issued several amendments to IFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the IEC. Of these, none of the developments are relevant to the IEC's financial statements.

The IEC has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

#### 3. Taxation

- (a) No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the IEC did not have any taxable profit.
- (b) There is no deferred tax liability.

# Staff costs

# Salar Contr

Pursuant to section 78 of Schedule 11 to the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), with reference to section 161 of the predecessor Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), salaries and other emoluments for key management personnel included in the above amounted to \$1,828,746 (2013:\$1,090,567).

## 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (j) 資產減值(續)

如應收款項的可收回性被視為難以確定但 並非極低,其減值虧損便會以準備帳記 錄。當本中心信納應收款項的可收回性極 低時,被視為無法收回的款項便會從應收 貿易帳項及應收票據中直接撇銷,而就該 債項在準備帳內持有的任何款項則會被 轉回。先前從準備帳中扣除的款項在其後 收回時,會在準備帳中轉回。準備帳內的 其他變動及先前直接撇銷但其後收回的 款項,會在損益帳內確認。

#### (k) 會計政策的變動

國際會計準則委員會公布了多項對《國際 財務匯報準則》的修訂,這些改變在本中 心的當前會計期間首次生效,但與本中心 的財務報表無關。

本中心並無採用任何在當前會計期間尚未 生效的新準則或詮釋。

#### 3. 税項

- (a) 由於本中心並無應課税利潤,因此並沒有 就香港利得税提撥準備。
- (b) 本中心並無任何遞延税務負擔。

# 4. 人事費用

	2014 \$	2013 \$	
ries, wages and other benefits	14,591,977	3,171,434	薪金、工資及其他福利
ributions to defined contribution plan	548,410	70,723	對界定供款計劃的供款
	15,140,387	3,242,157	

依據新香港《公司條例》(第622章) 附表11 第78條的規定,及參考前香港《公司條例》 (第32章)第161條,上述款額包括為數 1,828,746元(2013年:1,090,567元) 的主要管理人員薪金及酬金。

# 5. Education programmes

# 5. 教育項目

	2014 \$	2013 \$	
	<b>.</b>	φ	
Mass media programmes and campaigns	13,281,485	6,721,595	大眾媒體項目及活動
Website	3,431,066	558,831	網站
Outreach activities	1,893,990	_	外展活動
Education kits and souvenirs	576,431	487,900	教材及紀念品
Publications	1,114,900	107,100	刊物
	20,297,872	7,875,426	

# 6. Other expenses

# 6. 其他支出

	2014 \$	2013 \$	
Auditors' remuneration			核數師酬金
Audit services	94,500	90,000	核數服務
Other services	55,000	_	其他服務
Professional and other services	3,764,629	223,540	專業及其他服務費用
Publicity and external relations	2,015,003	225	宣傳及對外事務
Information systems and services	973,543	97,354	資訊系統及服務
General office and insurance	144,695	28,192	一般辦公室開支及保險費用
Training and development	81,710	_	培訓及發展
	7,129,080	439,311	

# 7. Fixed assets

# 7. 固定資產

		Personal		
	Office	computers and		
	equipment	software	Total	
	辦公室設備	個人電腦及軟件	總計	
	\$	\$	\$	
Cost				成本
At 1 April 2013	_	144,752	144,752	於2013年4月1日
Additions	8,366	204,576	212,942	添置
At 31 March 2014	8,366	349,328	357,694	於2014年3月31日
Depreciation				折舊
At 1 April 2013	_	48,251	48,251	於2013年4月1日
Charge for the year	1,673	116,443	118,116	年度折舊
At 31 March 2014	1,673	164,694	166,367	於2014年3月31日
Net book value				帳面淨值
At 31 March 2014	6,693	184,634	191,327	於2014年3月31日

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(單位:港元)

#### 7. Fixed assets (continued)

## 7. 固定資產 (續)

	Personal computers and software 個人電腦及軟件 \$	Total 總計 \$		
Cost			成本	
Additions	144,752	144,752	添置	
At 31 March 2013	144,752	144,752	於2013年3月31日	
Depreciation			折舊	
Charge for the period	48,251	48,251	期內折舊	
At 31 March 2013	48,251	48,251	於2013年3月31日	
Net book value			帳面淨值	
At 31 March 2013	96,501	96,501	於2013年3月31日	

# 8. Prepayments and deposits

All the prepayments and deposits are expected to be recovered within one year.

# 9. Accrued charges and other payables

All accrued charges and other payables are expected to be settled within one year.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities of the IEC's current liabilities at the end of the accounting period, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the IEC can be required to pay:

## 8. 預付款項及按金

所有預付款項及按金均預期在一年內 收回。

# 9. 應計費用及其他應付款項

所有應計費用及其他應付款項均預期 在一年內清償。

下表詳列本中心在會計期間終結時的流動 負債的剩餘合約到期日,參照基準為合約 的未折價現金流量及本中心可能須應要求 付費的最早日期:

	2014				
	Carrying amount 帳面值 \$	Within 3 months or on demand 三個月內 到期或按要求 隨時支付 \$	More than 3 months but less than 1 year 三個月後 但一年內到期 \$	Indefinite 無確定到期日 \$	
Accrued charges and other payables	4,351,220	4,351,220	_	_	應計費用及其他應付 款項
	2013				
		Within 3 months or on demand	More than 3 months but less		
	Carrying	三個月內	than 1 year		
	amount	到期或按要求	三個月後	Indefinite	
	帳面值	隨時支付	但一年內到期	無確定到期日	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Accrued charges and other payables	1,822,285	1,822,285	_	_	應計費用及其他應付 款項

## 10. Commitment for the use of office premises

According to the licence agreement with the SFC, the IEC's total future minimum non-cancellable lease payments for the six-month early termination notice period are as follows:

# 10. 關於使用辦公室的承擔

根據本中心與證監會訂立的准用協議,本 中心未來就六個月的提早終止通知期須支 付的不可撤銷租賃最低租金總額如下:

	2014 \$	2013	
Within one year	1,650,000	_	一年以內

During the year ended 31 March 2014, \$2,918,548 (2013: nil) was recognised as premises expense paid to the SFC in the statement of comprehensive income.

在截至2014年3月31日止年度內,我們 在全面收益表內確認為支付予證監會 的辦公室地方支出為2,918,548元 (2013年:零)。

# 11. Related party transactions

There are related party relationships with the SFC, the ultimate holding entity. During the year the company paid \$384,000 (2013: nil) accountancy service fee, \$300,000 (2013: nil) human resources administration fees and \$768,000 (2013: nil) website hosting and maintenance fees to the SFC. Further, certain expenses amounting to \$2,972,858 (2013: nil) were paid by the SFC on behalf of the company during the year. The IEC has reimbursed the SFC for these expenses. Remuneration for key management personnel is disclosed in note 4.

Other than these transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the IEC entered into no other material related party transactions.

# 11. 關連方交易

我們與本中心的最終控權實體證監會有關 連。年度內,本中心向證監會支付的會 計服務費為384,000元(2013年:零)、 人力資源管理費為300,000元(2013年: 零)、網站寄存及維護費為768,000元 (2013年:零)。此外,年度內由證監會 代為支付的開支為2.972.858元 (2013年:零)。本中心已向證監會 付還該等開支。主要管理人員酬金已於 附註4內披露。

除上述交易及本財務報表的其他部分所 披露的交易及結餘外,本中心概無訂立 其他重大關連方交易。

### 12. Financial risk management

Exposure to credit and liquidity risks arises in the normal course of the IEC's business. The IEC is not exposed to any foreign exchange risk as all transactions and balances are denominated in HKD. The IEC has no interest bearing assets or liabilities. The IEC manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

The IEC's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash at bank. Management's policy is that cash balances are placed only with licensed banks in Hong Kong with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position. In this regard, the IEC's credit risk is limited.

#### 12. 金融風險管理

本中心在正常業務過程中需承擔信貸風險 及流動資金風險。由於本中心所有交易及 結餘均以港元計值,因此無須承擔任何外 匯風險。本中心並無任何附息資產或負 倩。本中心管理及監控這些風險承擔, 確保能及時而有效地實施適當的措施。

本中心的信貸風險主要源自銀行現金。 根據管理層的政策,現金結餘只存於獲 國際信貸評級機構給予高度信貸評級的 香港持牌銀行。最高的信貸風險承擔為財 務狀況表內各項金融資產的帳面值。就此 而言,本中心所承擔的信貸風險有限。

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars)

(單位:港元)

## 12. Financial risk management (continued)

The IEC's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 March 2014.

## 13. Parent and ultimate controlling party

As at 31 March 2014, the parent and ultimate controlling party of the IEC is the SFC, which is a statutory body in Hong Kong and produces financial statements available for public use.

# 14. Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the period ended 31 March 2014

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a few amendments and a new standard which are not yet effective for the period ended 31 March 2014 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements.

#### 12. 金融風險管理(續)

本中心的政策是定期監察目前及預期中的 流動資金需求,從而確保本中心可維持 足夠的現金儲備,滿足短期及較為長期的 流動資金需求。

所有金融工具的帳面值與其於2014年3月 31日的公平價值均無重大差異。

### 13. 母公司及最終控股方

於2014年3月31日,本中心的母公司及 最終控股方為證監會。證監會是一所 香港法定機構,並提供財務報表以供 公眾使用。

# 14. 已公布但於截至2014年3月31日 止期間尚未生效的修訂、新準則 及詮釋的可能影響

截至本財務報表的刊發日期,國際會計 準則委員會已公布多項修訂以及一項 新準則,但該等修訂及新準則,在截至 2014年3月31日止期間尚未生效,故並 無在本財務報表中予以採用。

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 自以下日期或之後開始的會計期間有效	
IFRS 9, Financial instruments	1 January 2018 2018年1月1日	《國際財務匯報準則》第9號,金融工具

The IEC is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the IEC's results of operations and financial position.

本中心現正就該等修訂在初期應用時預期 會產生的影響進行評估。迄今的結論是, 採用該等修訂不大可能對本中心的營運業 績及財政狀況產生重大影響。

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